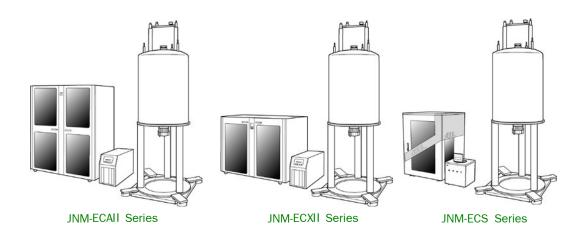
# JNM-ECA | Series JNM-ECX | Series JNM-ECS Series

# **TUTORIAL MANUAL**

For the proper use of the instrument, be sure to read this instruction manual. Even after you read it, please keep the manual on hand so that you can consult it whenever necessary.

# JNM-ECAII Series JNM-ECS Series

## **TUTORIAL MANUAL**



This manual is designed for new users of the JNM-ECA II, JNM-ECX II or JNM-ECS Series FT NMR system who want to perform 1D or 2D NMR measurement. It explains the basic procedures for operating the system. For details of individual operations, refer to the on-line "User's Manual".

Please be sure to read this instruction manual carefully, and fully understand its contents prior to the operation or maintenance for the proper use of the instrument.



#### **NOTICE**

- This instrument generates, uses, and can radiate the energy of radio frequency and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to the environment, especially radio communications.
- The following actions must be avoided without prior written permission from JEOL RESONANCE Inc. or its subsidiary company responsible for the subject (hereinafter referred to as "JEOL RESONANCE"): modifying the instrument; attaching products other than those supplied by JEOL RESONANCE; repairing the instrument, components and parts that have failed, such as replacing pipes in the cooling water system, without consulting your JEOL RESONANCE service office; and adjusting the specified parts that only field service technicians employed or authorized by JEOL RESONANCE are allowed to adjust, such as bolts or regulators which need to be tightened with appropriate torque. Doing any of the above might result in instrument failure and/or a serious accident. If any such modification, attachment, replacement or adjustment is made, all the stipulated warranties and preventative maintenances and/or services contracted by JEOL RESONANCE or its affiliated company or authorized representative will be void.
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  water leakage, fire, and electric shock.
- The information described in this manual, and the specifications and contents of the software described in this manual are subject to change without prior notice due to the ongoing improvements made in the instrument.
- Every effort has been made to ensure that the contents of this instruction manual provide all necessary information on the basic operation of the instrument and are correct. However, if you find any missing information or errors on the information described in this manual, please advise it to your JEOL RESONANCE service office.
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## ◆ ◆ ◆ SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ◆ ◆ ◆

Although this instrument is protected with safety device which prevents the occurrence of accident that could result in an injury, harm, and damage to the users or instrument itself, the safety feature may not work properly if you use the instrument for the purpose of use not intended or in an improper usage. For the proper use of the instrument, please be sure to read all of the instructions, descriptions, notices, and precautions contained in this manual carefully to understand them fully prior to the operation or maintenance. This section, "Safety Precautions," contains important information related to safety for using of the instrument.

The safety indications and their meanings are as follows:

⚠ DANGER: An imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

MARNING: A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION: A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in

minor or moderate injury, or a situation that could result in serious damage to facilities or acquired data.

Labels bearing the following symbols are attached to dangerous locations on the instrument. Do not touch any of these locations with your hands or anything else.















**Examples of symbols** 



 Use the instrument properly within the scope of the purpose and usage described in its brochures and manuals.



 Never open/remove protective parts (exterior panels) and parts that can't be opened/removed without use of tool (including key), or disconnect/ connect the cables/connectors that are not described in this manual.



 Never attempt to do any works of disassembling/assembling the instrument other than those described in this manual.



 Never make modifications that include installing substitute parts and disabling safety devices or other safety features.



 Never disconnect the grounding wire or move it from the prescribed position. Failure to follow this instruction could result in electric shock.



 The AC power cord provided with this system is supplied for the particular device so that never use it for any other equipment.



 To avoid falling, do not climb onto the operation table and console during daily operation or during maintenance or inspection.



 When you dispose of the instrument or liquid or other waste, follow all applicable laws and regulations, and dispose of it in a proper manner without polluting the environment.



• Be sure to read the "Safety Precautions" section of the manuals for the accessories attached to or built into the instrument.



If anything is unclear, please contact your JEOL service office.





## **WARNING for Installation**



Do not attempt to install the instruments by yourself.
 Installation work requires professional expertise and JEOL is responsible for the installation of the instruments and related attachments purchased from JEOL.
 Consult your JEOL service office.

## <u>/!\</u>

### **WARNING**



• Be sure to wear protective gloves, protective glasses and masks when handling a sample tube containing a poisonous sample.

If the sample tube breaks, the use of gloves allows you to avoid contact with the sample.





# PREPARATION FOR MEASUREMENT

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#### 1.1 STARTING AND EXITING THE DELTA PROGRAM

This section assumes that the data system has started normally, and that the login operation is complete.

For starting the data system and login, refer to the separate manual on the workstation.

#### ■ Starting the Delta program

Double-click the Delta icon on the screen.
 The Delta program starts, and the Delta Console window opens.

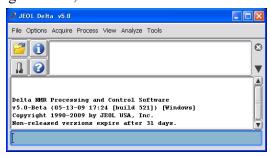


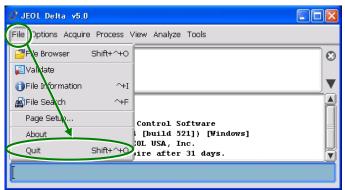
Fig. 1.1 Delta Console window

#### **■** Ending the Delta program

After measurement or NMR data processing is complete, terminate the Delta program as follows.

1. Select File – Quit in the Delta Console window.

First, point to **File** in the menu bar in the **Delta Console** window, and press the left mouse button. A pull-down menu appears. Then, move the mouse to highlight **Quit** in the pull-down menu, and click the left mouse button there.



The **Confirm** dialog box opens.

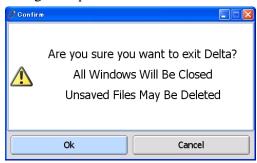


Fig. 1.2 Confirm dialog box

2. Click the OK button.

The Delta program ends.

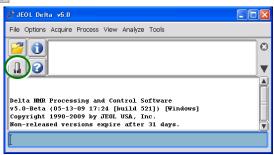


# 1.2 CONNECTING TO AND DISCONNECTING FROM A SPECTROMETER

The Delta program can be connected with two or more spectrometers through the network in the JNM-ECAII/ECXII/ECS series FT NMR instrument. For this reason, before performing an NMR measurement, it is necessary to connect the Delta program with the spectrometer you will use. After the NMR measurement, disconnect the NMR spectrometer from the Delta program. Here, we will explain how to connect and disconnect the Delta program and the NMR spectrometer.

#### **■** Connecting to the spectrometer

1. Click the [] button in the Delta Console window.



The **Spectrometer Control** window opens, and a list of the currently available spectrometers appear in the list box (Fig. 1.3).

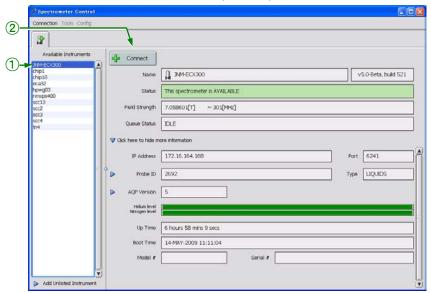


Fig. 1.3 Spectrometer Control window

The numbers ① and ② are referred to in the following steps.



- 2. Using the mouse, select the spectrometer you connect to by clicking its name in the list in the Spectrometer Control window (Fig. 1.3 ①).
  - After clicking a spectrometer in the **Available Instruments** list, if **This spectrometer** is **AVAILABLE** appears in the **Status** box, the spectrometer is available for connection. If **This spectrometer** is **BUSY** appears, the spectrometer is currently being used by other users.
- 3. Click the Connect button (Fig. 1.3 ②).
- **4.** The Authentication dialog box appears as shown below. Enter the user name and the password, and click Connect.



If the connection is carried out correctly, the window is displayed as shown in Fig. 1.4.



Fig. 1.4 Spectrometer Control window after the spectrometer is connected

#### ■ Disconnecting from the spectrometer

◆ After clicking the Disconnect button in the Spectrometer Control window, the confirm message will appear. Click the Yes button.



Fig. 1.5 Spectrometer Control window: Spectrometer is connected

When the spectrometer is disconnected, the **Spectrometer Control** window returns to the display shown in Fig. 1.3.



#### 1.3 SAMPLE PREPARATION

This section explains how to insert the sample into the superconducting magnet.

#### 1.3.1 Check Prior to Sample Insertion

Make sure that no other sample is inserted in the superconducting magnet as follows.

- 1. Connect to the spectrometer according to the procedure of Section 1.2.
- 2. Click the Owner button in the Spectrometer Control window.



By this operation, you can have the operating authority. The following display appears to show that you have the operating authority.



3. Click the Samples Tisamples tab to open the Samples tab.



Fig. 1.6 Samples tab

If the sample is not defined as shown in Fig. 1.6, or if the **Sample Load/Eject** button is or of the **Sample Load/Eject** button is or or if the **Sample Load/Eject** button is or or if the **Sample Load/Eject** button is or or if the **Sample Load/Eject** button is or indicating that the sample has been loaded, remove the sample according to the procedure in **Ejecting the sample**.



#### **■** Ejecting the sample

#### When an auto sample changer is not installed

If a sample is inserted in the superconducting magnet, remove it by using the following steps.

1. Click the Samples tab in the Spectrometer Control window to open the Samples tab.

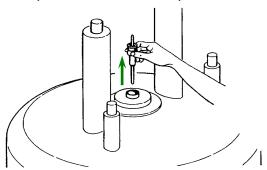


Fig. 1.7 Samples tab

2. Selecting the sample you remove enables you to click the Eject button. Click the Eject button.

The sample in the superconducting magnet is ejected.

3. Remove the sample from the insertion port on the superconducting magnet.



#### When an auto sample changer is installed

When a sample is inserted into the superconducting magnet, take out the sample according to the following procedure:

- 1. Open the Samples tab. Selecting the sample you remove enables you to click the Store button. Click the Store button.
- 2. Remove the sample from the slot in the auto sample changer.



#### ■ Setting up the sample

#### **⚠ WARNING**



- Be sure to wear protective gloves, protective glasses and masks when handling a sample tube containing a poisonous sample.
   If the sample tube breaks, the use of gloves allows you to avoid contact with the sample.
- 1. Set the sample tube containing the sample into the holder. Since the resolution varies according to the sample volume (height), it is recommended that you standardize the sample volume. The suggested sample height is approximately 4 cm (3.8 to 4.2 cm).

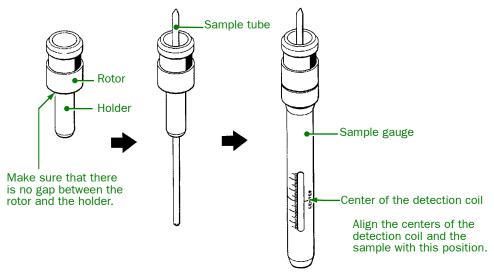
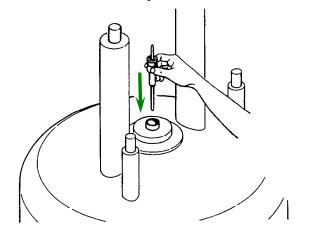


Fig. 1.8 Setting up the holder

- 2. Make sure that the air is flowing by holding your hand over the sample-insertion port of the superconducting magnet.
  - If air is not flowing, never insert the sample tube into the insertion port of the superconducting magnet. Another sample may already have been inserted or there might be a problem with the air system.
- Put the holder with the sample tube into the sample-insertion port of the superconducting magnet and gently release it.The sample levitates with the compressed air.





#### 1.3.2 Registration of a Sample to the Delta

Define the sample in the Samples tab.

#### ■ Opening the Samples tab

 Just after connecting the spectrometer, the Samples tab is displayed as shown below.

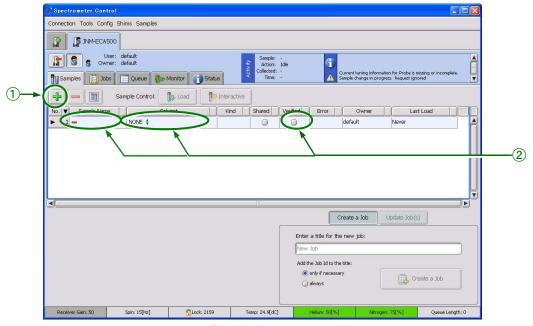


Fig. 1.9 Samples tab

#### **■** Registration of the sample

Register information on the measured sample to the Delta.

- 1. Click the + button located at the top left in the Samples tab (Fig. 1.9 ①).
- 2. Enter the sample name in the Sample Name box. After selecting the deuterated solvent that is presently used from the Solvent box, select Verified (Fig. 1.9 ②).
  - If you do not perform this setting, you cannot measure the sample.
  - When the auto sample changer is installed, you also need to specify the number of the **slot**.



# 1.3.3 Sample Loading, NMR Lock, and Automatic Resolution Adjustment

If you select **No.** in the **Samples** tab and click the **Use Interactive sample controls** button, you can perform sample loading, spinning, NMR lock, and automatic resolution adjustment.

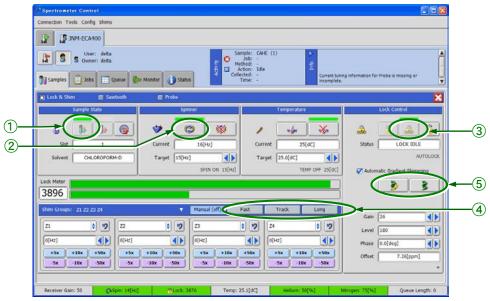


Fig. 1.10 Manual Sample Pane

#### ■ Loading the sample

#### When an auto sample changer is not installed

Insert into the superconducting magnet the sample that was set in the sample-insertion port of the superconducting magnet.

◆ Click the button in Manual Sample Pane (Fig. 1.10 ①).

When sample loading is complete, the **Sample State** icon changes as shown below.



#### When an auto sample changer is installed

- 1. Set a sample to the slot of the auto sample changer, and register it.
- 2. Click the Samples tab and select the sample that you want to insert, then click the Load Sample button (Fig. 1.11 ①).

After the sample is carried to the top of the superconducting magnet, it is inserted into the superconducting magnet. When sample loading is complete, the button display changes to , and the color of the **Slot** where the sample was placed changes in the screen.



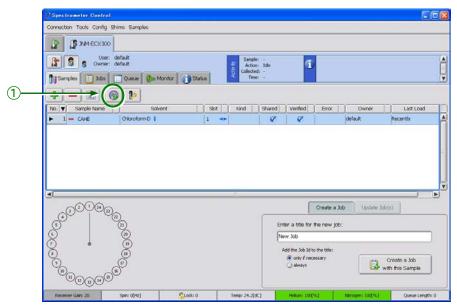


Fig. 1.11 Samples tab (when an auto sample changer is installed)

#### **■** Spinning the sample

Usually, you measure the sample while spinning it. If you measure the sample without spinning, proceed to **MNR lock**.

◆ Click the button (Fig. 1.10 ②).

When the sample starts spinning, the toppled top will be upright as shown below.



#### ■ NMR lock

Select the solvent to be used for NMR locking and execute the NMR lock command.

- 1. Click the button (Fig. 1.10 ③).

  When the NMR lock operates, the message LOCK IDLE is displayed in the Status box below the button.
- 2. Select Shims—Optimize Lock Phase from the menu at the top of the Spectrometer Control window.

The following message appears in the **Info** dialog box, and optimization of the Lock Phase will be performed.

When optimization starts: Optimizing LOCK\_PHASE within 60 deg. window When optimization finishes: Finishing optimizing LOCK\_PHASE.



#### ■ Automatic resolution adjustment

For automatic resolution adjustment, you can select the Automatic shimming (Fig. 1.10 ④) or the Automatic gradient shimming (Fig. 1.10 ⑤).

#### Auto shimming

- 1. Specify a Shim Groups.
- 2. Clicking either the high-speed auto-shimming Fast button, or the Auto-shimming button starts the shim adjustment.

#### Automatic gradient shimming

Clicking either the **Gradient Shim Tool** button, or the **Gradient Shim** button starts the shim adjustment.

- For the Gradient Shim, refer to the "Liquid Measurement" in the separate volume of user's manuals.
- Clicking the Track button continues to adjust the shim values by tracking them after the specified shims adjustment finishes.



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# 2.1 STANDARD METHOD OF AUTOMATIC MEASUREMENT

The Delta program provides the following standard methods for automatic measurement.

Table. 2.1 Automatic measurement methods and measurements

Method	Measurement	Sequence name	Template
Proton	1D <sup>1</sup> H normal measurement	proton.jxp	Standard
Carbon	1D <sup>13</sup> C normal measurement	carbon.jxp	Standard
DEPT	Automatic determination of <sup>13</sup> C atomic group by means of DEPT	dept.jxp	Standard
COSY	<sup>1</sup> H observed homonuclear shift correlation	cosy.jxp	Standard
TOCSY	<sup>1</sup> H observed homonuclear shift correlation	tocsy.jxp	Standard
NOESY	<sup>1</sup> H observed homonuclear NOE correlation	noesy.jxp	Standard
ROESY	<sup>1</sup> H observed homonuclear ROE correlation	roesy.jxp	Standard
HMQC	<sup>1</sup> H observed heteronuclear shift correlation	hmqc.jxp	Standard
HSQC	<sup>1</sup> H observed heteronuclear shift correlation	hsqc.jxp	Standard
HMBC	<sup>1</sup> H observed longrange heteronuclear shift correlation	hmbc.jxp	Standard

# 2.2 PREPARING FOR MEASUREMENT AND EXECUTION

The spectrometer parameters used to execute automatic measurement can be set for each sample and are treated as a part of the sample parameters (attributes). This section first explains how to set the spectrometer parameters for each sample.

#### 2.2.1 Registration of a New Sample and Deletion

#### ■ Registration of a new sample

For executing automatic measurement, registration of a sample is required the same as it is for a normal measurement.

- 1. Click the button above the **Sample** tab. A blank column for the sample is created.
- 2. Specify the sample name, solvent, slot number (when using the Auto sample changer) and select the **shared** box if desired. Then, place a check mark into the **Verified** box.

#### ■ Deleting the sample

- 1. Select the unnecessary sample.
- 2. Click the button above the Sample tab.

The sample row is deleted.

- If multiple samples are selected using the Shift, Ctrl keys, you can delete the samples as a batch. Also, you can delete the sample by clicking the button on the left side of each sample name.
- When the sample is in use by the **Job** in the **Job** tab or the **Queue**, you cannot delete it. In this case, the **x** mark is displayed on the left side of the sample name.

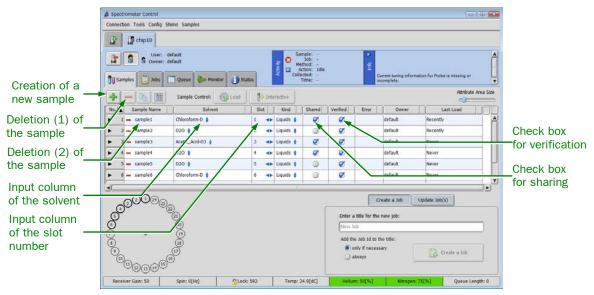


Fig. 2.1 Name of each part in the Samples tab



# 2.2.2 Adding, Deleting and Editing the Spectrometer Parameters

You can add, delete and edit the spectrometer parameters in the **Samples** tab. Click the button on the left side of the sample name to open and close the column for editing parameters.



Fig. 2.2 Column for editing the parameters in the Sample tab

#### Editing the default sample parameter.

The sample parameters have the defaults for each kind of sample (**Kind**). The following table shows the parameters and defaults that are to be set when the **Kind** is **Liquid**. In addition, the software sets the **Kind** automatically.

Do not change the **Kind** of the sample. If changed, the automatic measurement may operate abnormally.

Parameter	Description	Defalt
gradient shim	Execution of the automatic gradient shimming	TRUE
Lock_state	State of the NMR lock	Autolock
spin_set	Spinning speed	15 Hz
spin_state	Spinning ON/OFF	SPIN ON
temp_set	VT target temperature	25 dC
temp_state	VT ON/OFF	TEMP OFF
preparation	With/without presetting before measurement	TRUE

By editing the defaults parameter shown above, you can change the spectrometer parameters that will be set to execute the automatic measurement.

Do not delete the defaults of the parameters as unexpected operations may be caused in some cases. If you delete it accidentally, remake the sample registration or add the deleted parameter by supplementing it as described later.



#### 2.2.3 Creating and Deleting a Job

#### 1. Select samples.

Select the desired sample and click the **Create a Job with these Samples** button to create a job. At this time, you can select two or more samples by sequential selection with ctrl + left-click or selection of the range specified with shift + left-click.

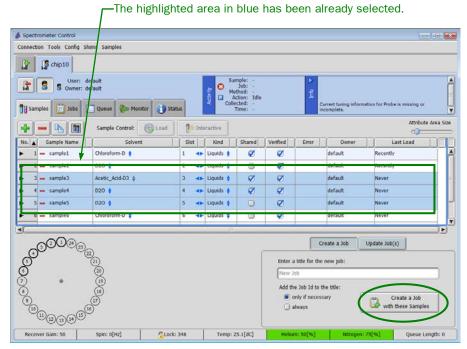


Fig. 2.3 Selecting samples to create a job

When creating a Job, you can name it by entering the Job name into the input box. If you do not enter anything, the name is automatically created. You can also change the Job name by double-clicking the Job in the Job list in the **Jobs** tab after creating the Job.

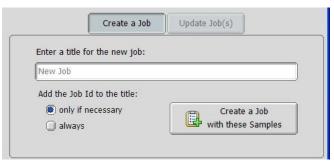


Fig. 2.4 Input box of a Job name

You can delete unnecessary Jobs or Jobs that have been created by mistake by using the button below the Job list. You can also delete multiple Jobs selected by using the Shift and Ctrl keys as a batch.



#### 2. Adding a method to the job.

Clicking the **Create a Job with these Samples** button opens the **Jobs** tab automatically. The newly created Job appears in the **Job List** at the left edge of the **Jobs** tab. Also the sample that was selected in the previous section is displayed in the **sample box**.

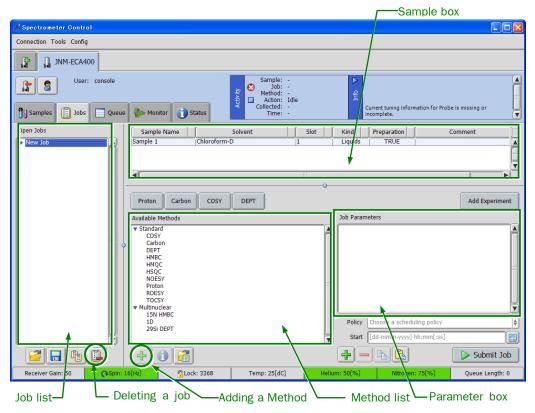


Fig. 2.5 Name and layout of each part in the Jobs tab

For adding a Method to a Job, while selecting the desired Job (highlighted in blue) in the **Open Jobs** List, select the desired item in the **Available Methods** list to highlight in blue, and click the button below the **Available Methods** list.

You can add multiple Methods to a Job. In this case, the added Methods are executed one after another to the sample that is assigned to the Job (displayed in the Sample box when selecting the Job).

Also, if two or more samples are assigned to a Job, after sequential execution of all the methods is carried out for a certain sample, these executions are repeated in the following sample.

#### 3. Setting Method parameters.

When selecting the Method (highlighted in blue) included in the Job in the **Job** list, the parameters of the Method appear in the parameter box. By changing these parameters, you can change the Method parameters.

For the editable parameters, refer to Section 3.2 "How to use each template" in the user's manual "Automatic Measurement".



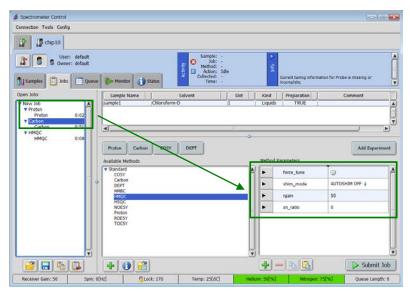


Fig. 2.6 Setting of the Method parameters

#### 4. Setting the measurement parameters.

Selecting the measurement (highlighted in blue) included in the Job in the **Job** list changes the area of **Available Methods** and **Method Parameters** in the window to the area of the **Experiment** tool. Here, you can change the details of the measurement parameters.

For details of how to use the **Experiment** tool, refer to the user's manual "Liquid Measurement".

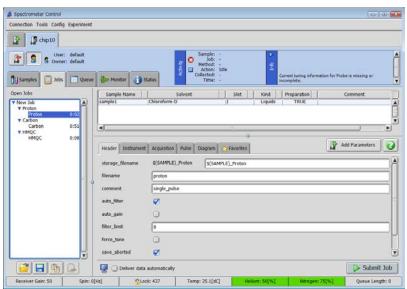


Fig. 2.7 Window for setting measurement parameters

#### 5. Starting measurement.

After setting the Method Parameters for all the Methods, click the Submit Job button to register the measurement to the queue.

#### 6. Management of the measurement queue.

The operation such as stopping and canceling the measurement after starting the automatic measurement are the same as that for a normal measurement.



#### 2.3 PRECAUTIONS

#### Specifying an NMR lock solvent

The error that occurs most frequently in automatic measurements is an NMR lock error. To prevent NMR lock errors, make sure that the solvent name is entered correctly.

#### Automatic resolution adjustment

If the volumes of the samples to be measured are greatly different from the standard volume, or solid substances are present in the sample, the automatic resolution adjustment takes a long time.

Under these conditions, the appropriate resolution may not be achieved.

To prevent these problems, prepare the samples so they are about 4 cm, and align the bottom of the sample tube with that of the sample gauge.

#### Probe tuning

The probe tuning varies, depending on measurement parameters such as solvent and temperature. Be sure to tune the probe, especially before performing a measurement such as DEPT that is sensitive to pulse width or when measuring a small amount of a sample that requires improvement of the S/N ratio.

#### Measurement conditions

The measurement conditions for general organic-compound samples are used for automatic measurement. If you measure the sample under special conditions, perform the measurement using individual operations.

#### Hard-disk capacity and the data file name

Make sure that there is free space to save data before performing automatic measurement. The results of an automatic measurement are saved in a file with a specified file name to which the method name is added. If the filename already exists, a new file with the version number higher by one will be created.

#### Processing condition

In automatic measurement, parameters for data processing are prespecified. If you perform your own specific data processing, perform it later using the data that have been saved in the file.

#### Plotting

In automatic measurement, data will be plotted automatically. Therefore, before starting automatic measurement, make sure that chart paper is set in the printer correctly, and that the printer is online.





Chapter 3 explains the procedures for the basic 1D NMR measurement in the order of measurement, data processing, and plotting.

It is assumed that the Delta system has been connected to the spectrometer, and that the sample setup, sample loading, NMR lock, resolution adjustment and other operations have already been performed prior to measurement. If you are not ready to start measurement, prepare for measurement according to Chapter 1, "Preparation for measurement".

3.1 S	ETTING 1D NMR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS	3-1
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### 3.1 SETTING 1D NMR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

#### 3.1.1 Setting 1H Measurement Conditions

1. Enter a job name in the Enter a title for the new job box at the bottom right of the Samples tab in the Spectrometer Control window, and click the Create a Job with this Sample button.



The **Jobs** tab opens automatically.



Fig. 3.1 Jobs tab

2. Click the Add Experiment button on the middle right edge of the window. The **Open Experiment** window opens.

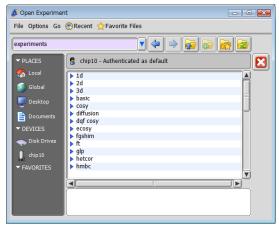


Fig. 3.2 Open Experiment window



- 3. Click the button in the Open Experiment window.

  A list of the Experiment files\* in the Global directory \*\* is displayed.
- 4. After double-clicking basic in the Open Experiment window, select the measurement mode proton.jxp to highlight it, and click the button. This operation opens Experiment Tool (Fig. 3.3) under the Jobs tab. This Experiment Tool window consists of the six sections: Header, Instrument, Acquisition, Pulse, Diagram and Favorites.

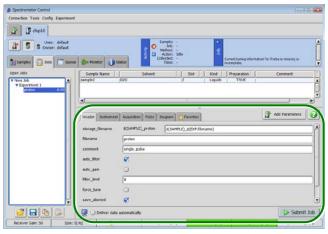


Fig. 3.3 Experiment Tool

5. Set the necessary parameters.

The following parameters are usually used.

For information about the other parameters, refer to the separate volume of user's manual, "Liquid Measurement".

Parameters can be displayed by clicking Header, Instrument, Acquisition or Pulse.

Filename: Data name that is saved (The saved file name is created

as sample name filename.)

**Comment:** Comment on measurement data

auto\_gain: If you want the instrument to adjust the receiver gain

automatically, select the check box. The results that were acquired using the automatic gain will be displayed on the **Delta Console** window and the **Spectrometer** 

Control window.

recvr\_gain: Receiver gain, if automatic gain is not selected. x\_points: Number of data points to measure in each scan

scans: Number of scans to accumulate

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Global directory is the directory in which the standard files supplied from JEOL are stored. The files in this directory cannot be changed.



<sup>\*</sup> The Experiment files contain the measurement modes, standard measurement conditions, and steps for processing data. The file type is .jxp.

**6.** Make sure that other necessary parameters are set appropriately.

Parameters can be displayed by clicking **Header**, **Instrument**, **Acquisition** or **Pulse**.

x\_domain: Observation nucleus: Proton
 x\_offset: Observation center frequency: 5 ppm
 x\_sweep: Observation range: 15 ppm
 x\_pulse: Pulse width to be used for measurement

relaxation\_delay: Pulse delay time

In the **Favorites** tab, you can specify frequently used parameters in advance. So, if you arrange necessary parameters in the **Favorites** tab, you can specify or confirm the parameters without switching tabs.

#### 3.1.2 Setting 13C Measurement Conditions

 Enter a job name in the Enter a title for the new job box at the bottom right of the Samples tab in the Spectrometer Control window, and click the Create a Job button.

The **Jobs** tab opens automatically.

- 2. Click the Add Experiment button on the right edge of the window. The **Open Experiment** window opens.
- 3. Click the button in the Open Experiment window.

  A list of the Experiment files in the Global directory is displayed.
- **4.** After double-clicking basic in the Open Experiment window, select the measurement mode carbon.jxp to highlight it, and click the **button**. This operation opens **Experiment Tool**.
- 5. Set the necessary parameters.

The following parameters are usually used.

For information about the other parameters, refer to the separate volume of user's manual, "Liquid Measurement".

Parameters can be displayed by clicking **Header**, **Instrument**, **Acquisition** or **Pulse**.

Filename: Data name that is saved (The saved file name is created

as sample name filename.)

**Comment:** Comment on measurement data

auto gain: when you adjust the receiver gain automatically, select

the check box.

**recvr\_gain:** Receiver gain, if automatic gain is not selected.

irr\_noise: Noise source for irradiation. Normally, WALTZ is used.

x points: Number of data points to measure in each scan

scans: Number of scans to accumulate irr domain: Irradiation nucleus: Proton

irr offset: Irradiation position.



6. Make sure that other necessary parameters are set appropriately.

Zero Parameters can be displayed by clicking **Header**, **Instrument**, **Acquisition** or **Pulse**.

x\_domain:Observation nucleus:Carbon13x\_offset:Observation center frequency:100 ppm.x\_sweep:Observation range:250 ppmx\_pulse:Pulse width to be used for measurement

relaxation\_delay: Pulse delay time.

In the **Favorites** tab, you can specify frequently used parameters in advance. So, if you arrange necessary parameters in the **Favorites** tab, you can specify or confirm the parameters without switching tabs.

#### 3.2 STARTING AND ENDING MEASUREMENT

This section explains how to start and end 1D NMR measurement and how to confirm the measurement status.

#### Starting measurement and displaying the status

◆ Click the Submit button at the bottom right in the Experiment Tool window. The measurement is entered into the spectrometer-control computer's queue. The spectrometer executes measurement on a first-in, first-out basis.



Commands for starting measurements can be issued repeatedly, even if another measurement is being performed. After one measurement finishes, the next measurement will start under the stored measurement conditions.

If you want to deliver the data automatically after completion of the measurement, select the **Deliver data automatically** check box.



#### **■** Ending measurement

If the **Deliver data automatically** check box is selected, the data is displayed in the **1D Processor** window after completion of the measurement.

To stop the measurement that is being executed, refer to Chapter 5, "Queuing."

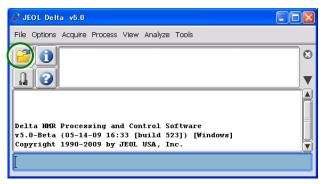


#### 3.3 DATA TRANSFER FROM THE SPECTROMETER

This section explains how to transfer the data after measurement is complete.

#### ■ Data transfer

 Click the Open file and choose tool button at the top left in the Delta Console window.



The File Browser window opens.

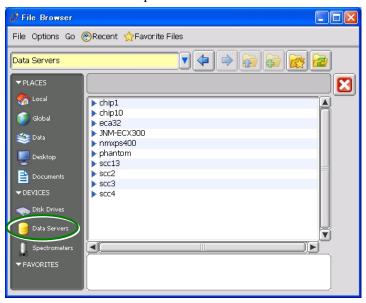
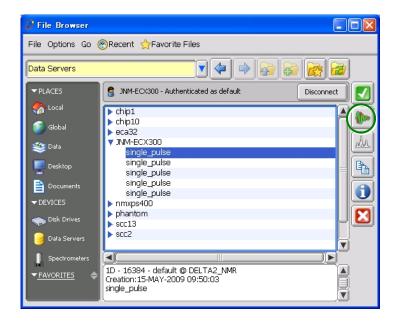


Fig. 3.4 File Brower window

- 2. Click Data Servers Data Servers at the lower left in the File Brower window. The connectable spectrometers are displayed.
- **3.** In the spectrometer list, double-click the spectrometer in which the data is stored.
  - The data list stored in the spectrometer appears.
- **4.** When you select the data that you transfer, a number of buttons will be displayed. Click the Open the selected file for processing button. The data stored in the spectrometer are transferred, and the specified processing is executed automatically.







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### 3.4 1D NMR DATA PROCESSING

This section explains data processing after measurement was completed and the data were forwarded from the spectrometer.

After the measurement and data transfer, the following processing is automatically executed.

- Correction of the DC components of FID (Free Induction Decay)
- Multiplication by window functions
- FFT (Fast Fourier Transformation)
- Automatic phase correction

Here, data processing following phase correction will be explained. When measurement is completed, the **1D Processor** window opens.

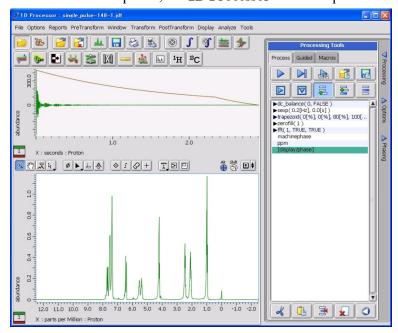
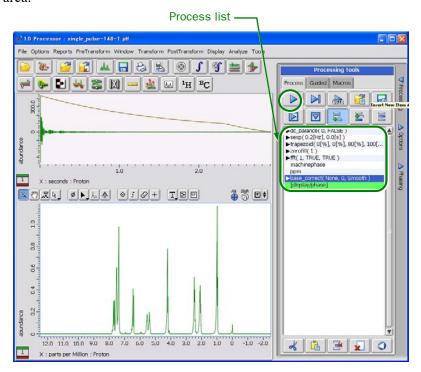


Fig. 3.5 1D Processor window

#### 3.4.1 Automatic Baseline Correction

- 1. Click the button in the 1D Processor window. An item, Base Correct, is added to the process list.
- 2. Click the Process button.

  The spectrum with the baseline corrected is displayed in the lower spectral display area.

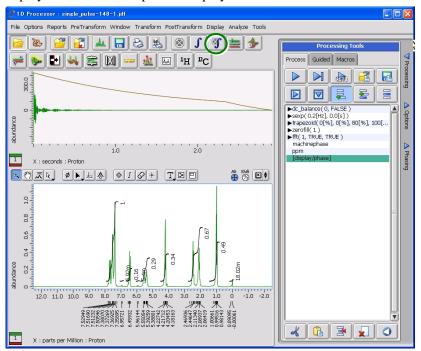




# 3.4.2 Automatic Peak Detection and Automatic Integration

♦ Click the ¶ button in the 1D Processor window.

Automatic peak detection and automatic integration are carried out, and the results are displayed in the lower spectral display area in the **1D Processor** window.



# 3.4.3 Plotting

The standard method of plotting is as follows.

Click the button in the 1D Processor window.



The processed spectrum in the lower display area is plotted on paper.

#### 3.4.4 **Changing the Display Range**

#### ■ Usage of Pointer bar

The Pointer bar is used to expand or reduce spectra. This section explains basic usage of the Pointer bar.



Fig. 3.6 Normally displayed Pointer bar

#### To switch the Pointer mode

Move the mouse pointer to the mode button, and press the left mouse button. The following fifteen mode buttons are displayed.

The following infeeli mode buttons are displayed.				
$\odot$	Zoom:	To expand, reduce, or move spectra.		
<u></u> জ্প	Pan View:	To move the area after expanding spectra.		
凤	Amplitude gain:	To adjust the amplitude of spectra.		
E.	Select:	To select data or a geometry.		
Ø	Phase correct:	To correct the phase of spectra.		
N	Copy position:	To copy any area of spectra.		
Œ.	Peak threshold:	To set the position of the baseline of spectra.		
$\boxed{\diamondsuit}$	Reference:	To set a chemical shift reference axis marker.		
lacktriangle	Peak:	To execute a peak pick.		
	Integral	To perform integration		

**f** Integral: To perform integration.

**Measure:** To measure distance between peaks

**Cursor:** To display the horizontal and vertical lines. **Annotation:** To display an annotation in the geometry.

To display a structural formula and molecular formula in **Molecule:** 

the geometry.

PiP: To display a selected part of the geometry within the

present geometry.

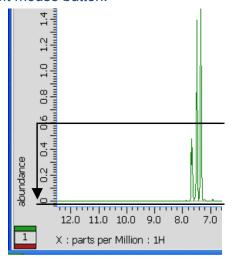
This chapter explains only the Zoom mode. For more information about the other modes, refer to the separate volume of user's manual, "Data processing".



#### **■** Expanding and resetting spectra in the 1D Processor window

#### To expand a spectrum vertically

- 1. Select the Zoom mode from the Pointer bar or press the F1 key on the keyboard.
  - The Pointer mode becomes **Zoom**, and the mouse pointer on the spectral screen changes to .
- 2. Move the mouse pointer to the position that will become the upper end of the expanded Y-axis.
- **3.** Drag the left mouse button to the position that will become the lower end of the expanded Y-axis.
- 4. Release the left mouse button.



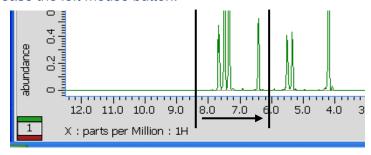
The spectrum is expanded vertically.

### To expand a spectrum horizontally

1. Select the Zoom mode from the Pointer bar or press the F1 key on the keyboard.

The Pointer mode becomes **Zoom.** 

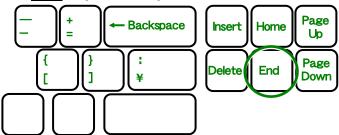
- 2. Move the mouse pointer to the position that will become the left end of the expanded X-axis.
- **3.** Drag the left mouse button to the position that will become the right end of the expanded X-axis.
- 4. Release the left mouse button.



The spectrum is expanded horizontally.

#### • To adjust the display to the intensity of the highest peak displayed

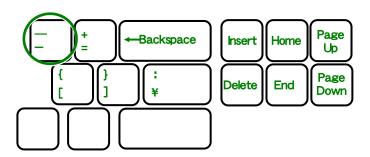
Press the End key on the keyboard.



The highest peak in the spectral region displayed at present is expanded or reduced to fit within the screen.

#### • To return the spectrum display to its previous conditions

◆ Press the — key on the keyboard to return to the previous conditions.

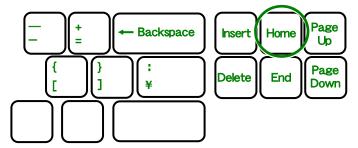


When you press the \_\_\_\_ key, both vertical and horizontal expansions return to their previous values.

You cannot selectively return only the vertical or horizontal size to its previous value.

#### • To return the spectrum display to its initial conditions

Press the Home key on the keyboard.
 All horizontal and vertical expansions return to their initial values.







# 2D NMR MEASUREMENT

4.1 SI	ETTING 2D NMR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS	4-1
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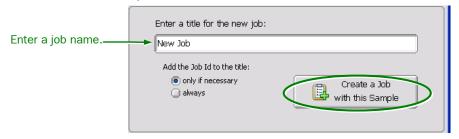


# 4.1 SETTING 2D NMR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

This section explains how to set the conditions for measuring <sup>1</sup>H–<sup>1</sup>H homonuclear 2D NMR (HH COSY) and <sup>13</sup>C detection heteronuclear 2D NMR (HETCOR).

#### 4.1.1 HH COSY Measurement

1. Enter a job name in the Enter a title for the new job box at the bottom right of the Samples tab in the Spectrometer Control window, and click the Create a Job with this Sample button.



The **Jobs** tab opens automatically.

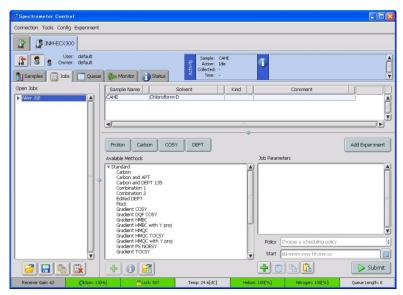


Fig. 4.1 Jobs tab

2. Click the Add Experiment button on the middle right edge of the screen. The **Open Experiment** window opens.



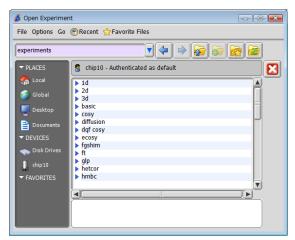


Fig. 4.2 Open Experiment window

- 3. Click the button in the Open Experiment window.

  A list of the Experiment files\* in the Global directory\*\* is displayed.
- 4. After double-clicking basic in the Open Experiment window, select the measurement mode cosy.jxp to highlight it, and click the button. This operation opens Experiment Tool (Fig. 4.3) in the lower portion of the Job tab. This Experiment Tool window consists of the six sections: Header, Instrument, Acquisition, Pulse, Diagram and Favorites.

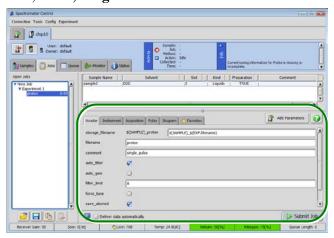


Fig. 4.3 Experiment Tool window

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Global directory is the directory in which the standard files supplied from JEOL are stored. The files in this directory cannot be changed.





<sup>\*</sup> The Experiment files contain the measurement modes, standard measurement conditions, and steps for processing data. The file type is **.jxp**.

#### 5. Set the necessary parameters.

The parameters that are usually used are explained below.

For information about other parameters, refer to the separate volume of user's manual, "Liquid Measurement".

Acquisition or Pulse.

filename Data name that is saved (The saved file name is created

as sample name\_filename.)

**comment** Comments on measurement data

auto\_gain If you want the instrument to adjust the receiver gain

automatically, select the button to mark it with a check mark. The results that were acquired using the automatic gain will be displayed on the **Delta Console** window and

the Spectrometer Control window.

**recvr\_gain** Receiver gain, if automatic gain is not selected.

x\_pointsNumber of data points on the  $f_2$  axisscansNumber of scans to accumulatey\_pointsNumber of data points on the  $f_1$  axispulse angle 1Flip angle. 90 [deg] in COSY.

pulse angle 2 Flip angle. 90 [deg] or 45 [deg] in COSY.

relaxation\_delay Pulse delay time

#### 6. Verify the necessary parameters.

Acquisition or Pulse.

**x\_domain** Observation nucleus: Proton

x offset Observation center frequency (ppm)

**x sweep** Observation range (ppm)

**x\_90\_width** 90° pulse width

pulse\_1pulse width to be used for measurementpulse 2Second Pulse width to be used for measurement

In the **Favorites** tab, you can specify frequently used parameters in advance. So, if you arrange necessary parameters in the **Favorites** tab, you can specify or confirm the parameters without switching tabs.



#### 4.1.2 HMQC Measurement

 Enter a job name in the Enter a title for the new job box at the bottom right of the Samples tab in the Spectrometer Control window, and click the Create a Job button.

The **Jobs** tab opens automatically.

- Click the Add Experiment button at the middle right of the screen to open the Open Experiment window.
- 3. Click the button in the Open Experiment window.

  The contents of the experiment file in the global directory are displayed.
- **4.** After double-clicking basic in the Open Experiment window, select the measurement mode HMQC.jxp to highlight it, and click the button. This operation opens **Experiment Tool**.
- 5. Set the necessary parameters.

The parameters that are usually used are explained below.

For information about other parameters, refer to the separate volume of user's manual, "Liquid Measurement".

Parameters can be displayed by clicking **Header**, **Instrument**, **Acquisition** or **Pulse**.

**filename** Data name that is saved (The saved file name is created

as sample name\_filename.)

**comment** Comments on measurement data

auto gain Normally, do not check this box for 2D measurement.

recvr\_gain Set 50.

x\_pointsNumber of data points on the  $f_2$  axisscansNumber of scans to accumulatey\_pointsNumber of data points on the  $f_1$  axis

**j\_constant** J value

relaxation\_delay Pulse delay time

**6.** Verify the necessary parameters.

Acquisition or Pulse.

**x\_domain** Observation nucleus: Proton

x offset Observation center frequency (ppm)

x\_sweep Observation range (ppm)y\_domain Irradiation nucleus: Carbon

y\_offset Irradiation center frequency (ppm)

y\_sweep Irradiation range (ppm)

**x\_pulse**<sup>1</sup>H pulse width to be used for measurement **y\_pulse**<sup>13</sup>C pulse width to be used for measurement

In the **Favorites** tab, you can specify frequently used parameters in advance. So, if you arrange necessary parameters in the **Favorites** tab, you can specify or confirm the parameters without switching tabs.



# 4.1.3 Setting the Observation Range Through the 1D Data

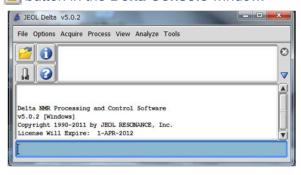
For the measurement of <sup>1</sup>H–<sup>1</sup>H homonuclear 2D NMR, the <sup>1</sup>H 1D data is essential. Also, for the measurement of <sup>1</sup>H detection heteronuclear 2D NMR or <sup>13</sup>C detection heteronuclear 2D NMR, <sup>1</sup>H 1D data and <sup>13</sup>C 1D data are essential.

If these 1D data are not displayed on the **1D Processor** window or the **Data Slate** window, load these data to the **1D Processor** window from the files.

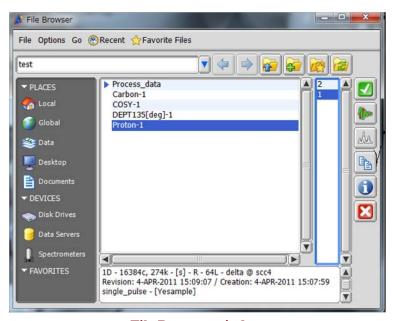
If the 1D data has already been loaded on the **1D Processor** window, proceed to "
Setting the observation range using the 1D data".

#### ■ Loading the 1D Data

1. Click the button in the Delta Console window.



The File Browser window opens.



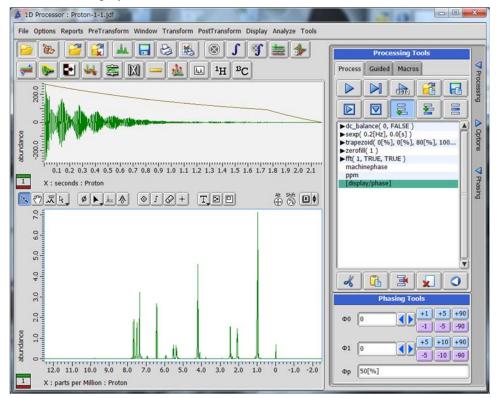
File Browser window

2. Click the name of the data file you want to load in the list box.

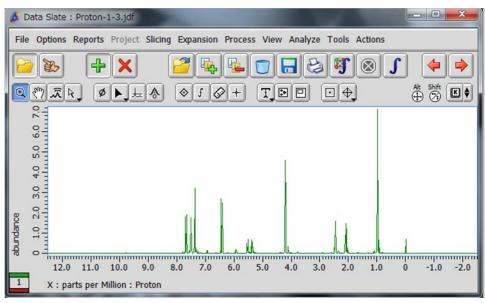


3. Click the **1** button.

The most recent version of the data is displayed in the **1D Processor** window. If the selected data is the data to which the Fourier Transform has been performed, the data is displayed in the **Data Slate** window.



1D Processor window



**Data Slate window** 

**4.** If the 1D NMR data that has been loaded is FID data, perform processing, such as FFT, phase correction, and reference setting, referring to Sect. 3.4 "1D NMR DATA PROCESSING".

If these processes have already been completed, proceed to the next step.

#### ■ Setting the observation range using the 1D data (HH COSY)

- 1. Expand the 1D NMR data that has already been processed to the range where the 2D NMR measurement will be performed.
- 2. Click the button (located at the right side of the X\_domain box) in the **Acquisition** tab of the **Experiment Tool** window.



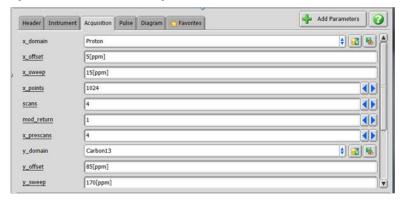
The mouse pointer changes to safter this operation.

3. Move the mouse pointer into the spectrum of the 1D data, and left-click the mouse.

The spectrum range and the offset value of the 1D data that is displayed are set to the  $\mathbf{x}$  sweep and  $\mathbf{x}$  offset.

#### ■ Setting the observation range using the 1D data (HMQC and HMBC)

- 1. Expand the 1D NMR data that has already been processed to the range where the 2D NMR measurement will be performed.
- 2. Click the button (located at the right side of the X\_domain box) in the **Acquisition** tab of the **Experiment Tool** window.



The mouse pointer changes to solution after this operation.

**3.** Move the mouse pointer into the spectrum of the 1D data (in this case, <sup>1</sup>H spectrum), and left-click the mouse.

The spectrum range and the offset value of the 1D data that is displayed are set to the  $x_s$  weep and  $x_s$  offset.

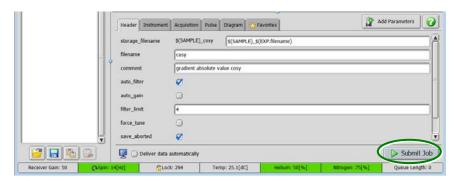


- 4. Click the button (located at the right side of the Y\_domain box) in the Acquisition tab of the Experiment Tool window.
- 5. In the same way as the X-axis setting, move the mouse pointer into the spectrum of the 1D data (in this case, <sup>13</sup>C spectrum), and left-click the mouse. The spectrum range and the offset value of the 1D data that is displayed are set to the **y\_sweep** and **y\_offset**.

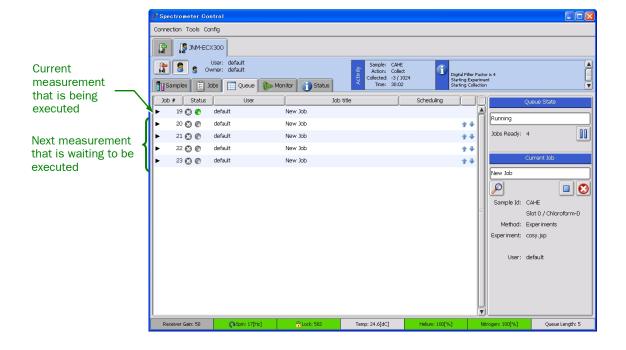
# 4.2 STARTING AND ENDING MEASUREMENT

#### ■ Starting measurement and displaying the present status

◆ Click the Submit button at the bottom right in the Experiment Tool window. The measurement is entered into the spectrometer-control computer's queue. The spectrometer executes measurement on a first-in, first-out basis.



The command for starting measurement can be issued repeatedly, even if another measurement is being performed. After one measurement finishes, the next measurement will start under the stored measurement conditions.





#### **■** Ending measurement

If the **Deliver data automatically** check box was selected, the **nD Processor** window opens after completion of the measurement.

To stop the measurement that is being executed, refer to Chapter 5, "Queuing".

# 4.3 DATA PROCESSING OF 2D NMR

This section explains data processing immediately after completion of NMR measurement. When measurement is complete, data will be sent from the spectrometer to the processing computer, and the **nD Processor** window will open.

Data will be processed according to the process list in the pulse sequence.

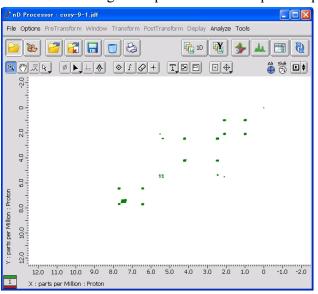


Fig. 4.4 nD Processor window

If you change the processing conditions, click the button to display the process list. If you click the button again after changing the process list, processing will be executed again according to the changed conditions.

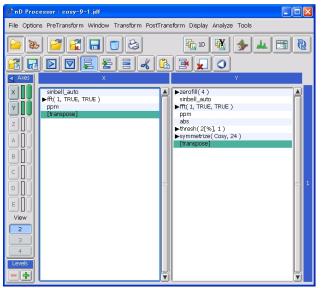


Fig. 4.5 nD Processor window (Process list display screen)



# 4.3.1 Displaying Data Using 2D Viewer

◆ Click the mb button in the nD Processor window.



A new 2D Viewer opens, and 2D data with projections are displayed.

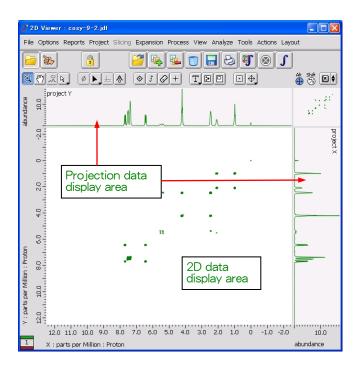


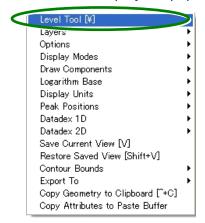
Fig. 4.6 2D Viewer window

# 4.3.2 Setting the Conditions for Displaying Contour Lines

The **2D Viewer** window is used to set the levels of the contour lines.

The Level Tool window is used to change the levels of the contour lines.

1. Click the right mouse button to display the pop-up menu, and select Level Tool.



The Level Tool window opens.

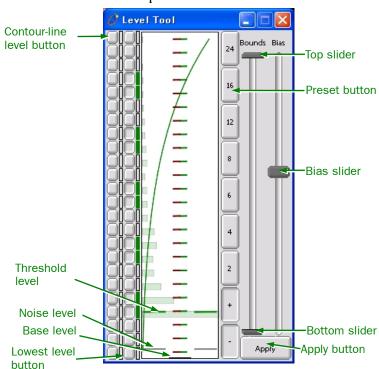


Fig. 4.7 Level Tool window

Preset button: Allows you to set the number of contour lines by selecting

the 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24 preset button.

Contour-line level button: The level of contour can be set manually by clicking each

button to highlight it.

Lowest level button: It is a button that shows the lowest strength level.

Top slider: Determines the maximum intensity of the contour lines.

Bottom slider: Determines the minimum intensity of the contour lines.

Bias slider: Determines the signal intensity between the ones specified

by the top slider and the bottom slider. Moving the bias slider changes the slope of the middle curve shown in Fig.



4.7. Moving it upward results in drawing more contour

lines at the lower level of the signal intensities.

Noise level: Automatically set after data processing is completed.

Threshold level: Automatically set after data processing is completed, and

used for peak picking in 2D processing.

Base level: Zero level of the signal intensity. Set it to the lowest level

in the Level tool window.

Apply button: Clicking this button redraws the contour lines at the set

levels.

#### 2. Adjust the levels of the contour lines in the Level Tool window.

Set the minimum intensity based on the noise level. Set the number and intensity of the contour lines to be drawn between the minimum intensity and the maximum intensity in the **Level Tool** window.

Usually, few or no contour lines are set to levels below the noise level. Setting the contour level below the noise level displays the contour lines of noise, and needs a large amount of memory in the system, slowing down the processing of the program.

Set the levels according to the following procedures:

- a. Click the lowest level button of the contour-line level buttons.
- **b.** Determine the bottom level of the contour lines using the bottom slider.
- **c.** Determine the top level of the contour lines using the top slider.
- **d.** Select the number of contour lines you want to display from the preset buttons.
- e. Click the Apply button.

# 4.3.3 Pasting 1D NMR Data

This section explains how to paste 1D NMR data onto the slice or projection data display area in the **2D Viewer** window.

It is assumed that 1D NMR data on which data processing such as FFT was already performed are stored on the hard disk or is displayed in the **1D Processor** window.

#### When 1D NMR data is stored on the hard disk

1. Click the button.

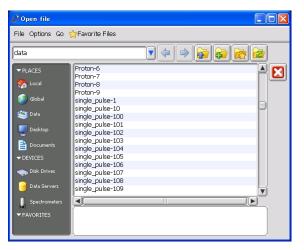


- 2. Paste 1D data onto the X-axis.
- a. Select Layout-Load 1D-Load X Projection.



The **Open file** window opens.





- b. Select a file.
  - 1D NMR data are pasted in the projection display area of the X-axis.
- 3. Paste 1D data onto the Y-axis.
- a. Select Layout-Load 1D-Load Y Projection.
- **b.** Select a file.

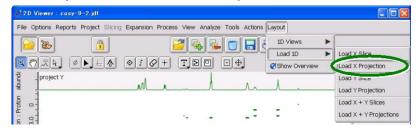
1D NMR data are pasted onto the projection display area of the Y-axis.

#### ■ When 1D NMR data is displayed on the 1D Processor window

1. Click the button.



- 2. Paste 1D data onto the X-axis.
- a. Select Layout-Load 1D-Load X Projection.



- **b.** Move the mouse pointer onto the displayed 1D NMR data and click it. The 1D NMR data are pasted onto the slice or projection display area of the X-axis.
- 3. Paste 1D data onto the Y-axis.
  - **a.** Select Layout–Load 1D–Load Y Projection.

**b.** Move the mouse pointer on the displayed 1D data and click.

1D NMR data are pasted onto the projection display area of the Y-axis.



# 4.3.4 Plotting

This section explains how to perform the standard plotting.

For the details about the settings, refer to the separate volume, "Data Processing" user's manual.

Click the button in the 2D Viewer window.



The default plotting is performed.

# 4.3.5 Changing the Display Ranges

The pointer bar is used to expand and reduce spectra.

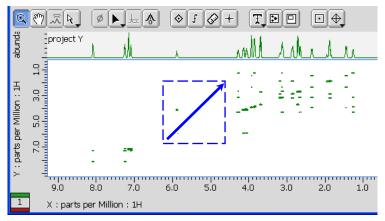
For how to display the pointer, refer to Section 3.4.4. For the details of the pointer, refer to the separate volume, "Data Processing" user's manual.

#### ■ To expand a spectrum vertically and horizontally at the same time

1. Select the Zoom mode from the pointer bar or press the F1 key on the keyboard.

The pointer mode becomes **Zoom**.

- 2. Move the mouse pointer to the position that will become the lower left corner of expansion in the display area.
- **3.** Press and hold down the left mouse button, and move the mouse pointer to the position that will become the upper right corner of expansion in the display area.



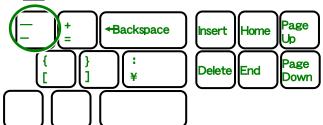
4. Release the left mouse button.

The spectrum is expanded vertically and horizontally at the same time.



#### ■ To return the spectrum display to its previous conditions

◆ Press the — key on the keyboard to return to the previous conditions.

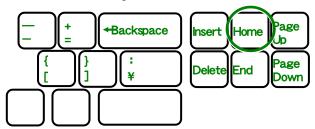


When you press the \_\_\_ key, both vertical and horizontal expansions return to their previous values.

You cannot selectively return only the vertical or horizontal size to its previous value.

#### ■ To return the spectrum display to its initial conditions

Press the Home key on the keyboard.
 All horizontal and vertical expansions return to their initial values.





<b>5.1</b>	COMMAND FOR STARTING MEASUREMENT 5-1	l
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# 5.1 COMMAND FOR STARTING MEASUREMENT

#### ■ Starting measurement and displaying the present status

Clicking the **Submit** button in the **Experiment Tool** window enters the measurement into the spectrometer-control computer's queue, and the spectrometer executes measurement on a first-in, first-out basis.



The command for starting measurement can be issued repeatedly, even if another measurement is being performed. After one measurement finishes, the next measurement will be started under the stored measurement conditions.

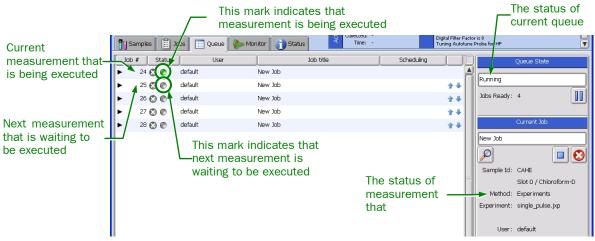


Fig. 5.1 Displaying the status of the queue



# 5.2 QUEUING

#### Deleting measurement

You can delete measurements in the queue using the following procedures.

- How to delete specified experiment (Job)
  - 1. Click the button of the measurement to delete in the Queue tab. The confirmation dialog box appears to verify deletion.



Fig. 5.2 The dialog box that verifies the deletion.

- 2. To delete the queue, click the Yes button.
- Viewing information about the jobs in the measurement queue

You can view the details of the job in the measurement queue as follows.

- Click the button on the extreme left of the measurement whose information you want to view in the Jobs tab.
  - The Job Info window opens.
- 2. To finish viewing, click the ▼ button.
  - The **Job Info** window is closed.





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# 6.1 SAVING NMR DATA

## 6.1.1 Saving the measured data (FID)

The measured data (FID) are saved automatically. A filename for the saved data is specified as in the following procedure.

- 1. Specify the filename for the data you want to save in the storage\_filename of the Experiment Tool window.
  - If not specified, the default filename is entered. The name shown on the right side of **storage\_filename** is the default filename.

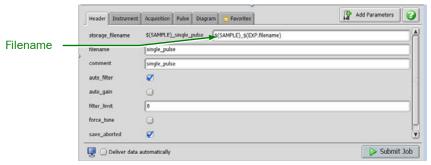


Fig. 6.1 Input box for a filename

2. Start measurement.

When measurement is complete, the data are saved with the specified name.

### 6.1.2 Saving Processed Data

- To save 1D processed data in the 1D Processor window under the same filename
  - ◆ Click the ☐ button in the 1D Processor window.



The 1D processed data are saved. Then, the version number increases automatically under the same filename.



# ■ To save 1D processed data in the 1D Processor window under a new filename

Select File – Save As from the menu bar.
 The Save Data File window opens.

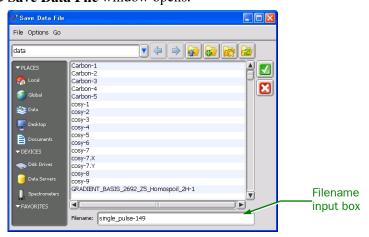


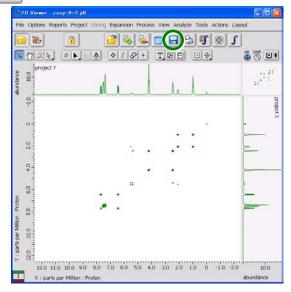
Fig. 6.2 Save Data File window

- 2. Type any filename in the filename input box.
  - When creating a new directory, after clicking the button, type the directory name in the **Create** box and click the **OK** button.
- 3. Click the button.

  The 1D processed data are saved under the specified filename.

# ■ To save 2D processed data in the 2D Viewer window under the same filename

◆ Click the 🗐 button.



The 2D processed data are saved. Then, the version number increases automatically under the same filename.



#### ■ To save 2D processed data in the 2D Viewer window under a new filename

1. Select File - Save - Save As from the menu bar.

The Save File for Data Slate window opens.

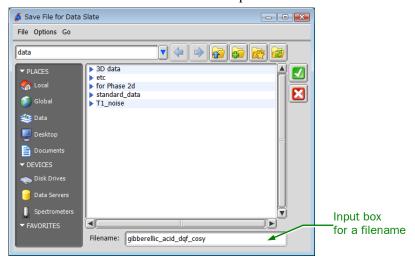


Fig. 6.3 Save File for Data Slate window

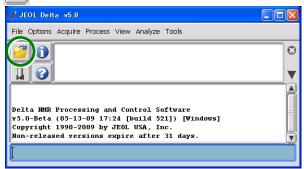
- 2. Type any filename in the Filename input box.
  - When creating a new directory, after clicking the button, type the directory name in the **Create** box and click the **OK** button.
- 3. Click the **button**.

The 2D processed data are saved under the specified filename.



# 6.2 LOADING NMR DATA

1. Click the button in the Delta Console window.



The File Browser window opens.

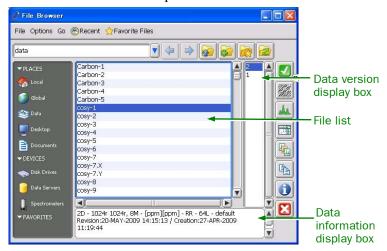
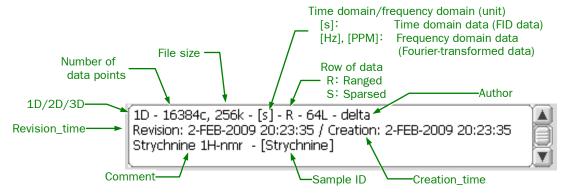


Fig. 6.4 File Browser window

- 2. Click the name of the data file you want to load in the list box.
- 3. Click the **J** button.

The most recent version of the data is displayed in the **1D Processor** window or **nD Processor** window.

The following information on the most recent version of the data is displayed in the data information display box.

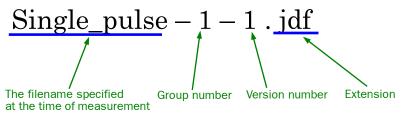


If you display earlier data, select the version number, referring to information in the data information display box, and click the button.



#### **■** Version number

In the Delta program, when loading a data from the data server, the group number for avoiding a duplication of a file name and a version number are appended to each data file name. Also, before data are processed, a new file is automatically created under the same file name with a version number higher than that of the original data. The original data are not processed, preventing corruption of the original FID data. If you save data under the existing file name, the data are given a version number higher by one. Copied data are sometimes deleted after they are processed. Therefore, some of the version numbers in the file list are usually omitted.



#### Directory

You can specify two directories in the **File Browser** window using the buttons. One is a local directory. The other is a global directory. Normally, the user uses the local directory.

#### Local directory

Clicking the button displays a list of the files in the local directory at the middle of the **Open Data for 1D Processor** window.

The local directory is specified in **Directory–Data** in **Preferences**.

#### Global directory

Clicking the button displays a list of the files in the global directory at the middle of the **Open Data for 1D Processor** window. Because the global directory cannot be used for writing, it is not used to store data.

The global directory is specified in **Directory–Global Data** in **Preferences**.



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