

# PERIODS OF GREEK HISTORY

Prehistoric ca. 3000-900 BCE

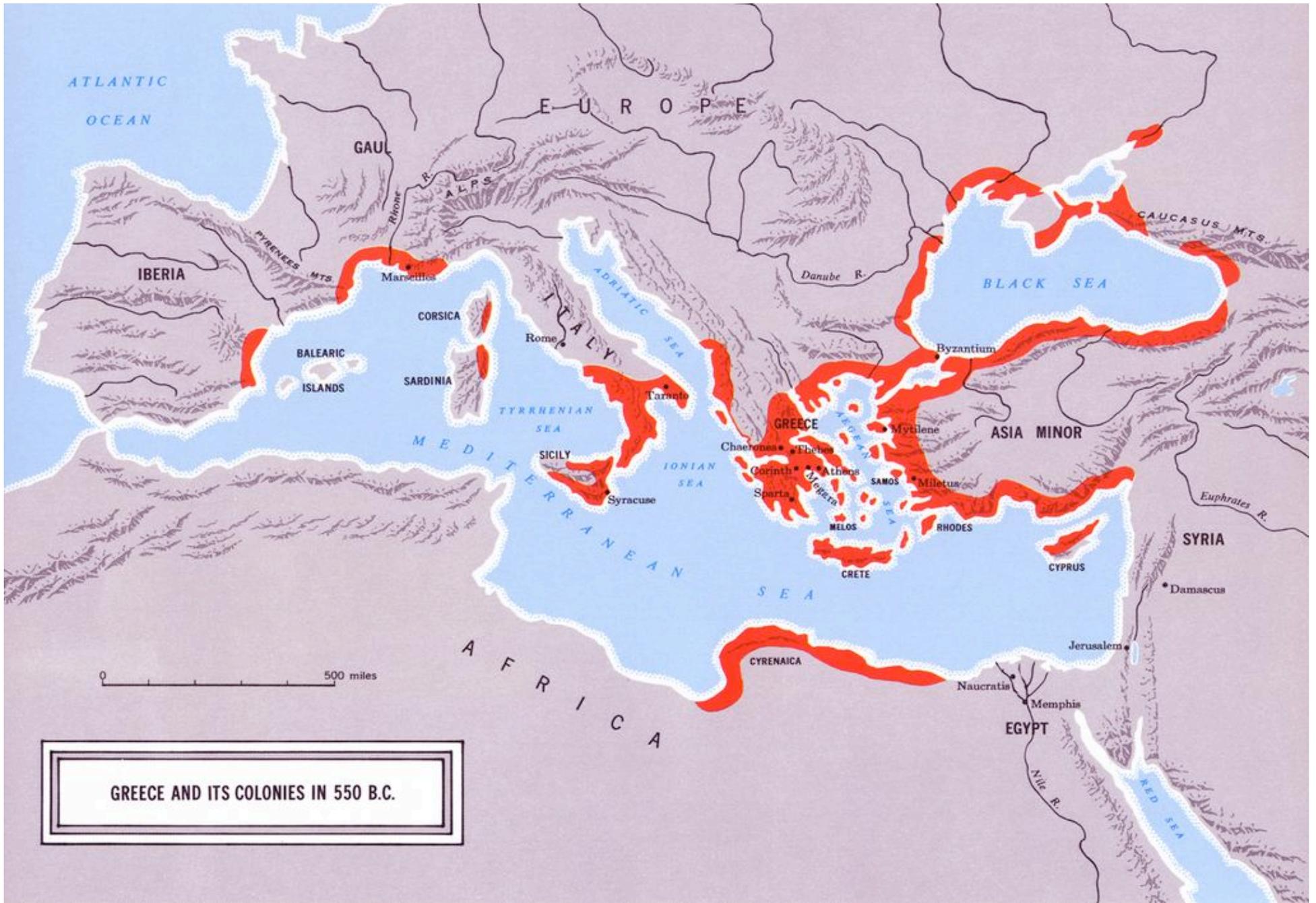
Geometric 900-700 BCE (Homeric poems)

Archaic 700-480 growth of the Polis

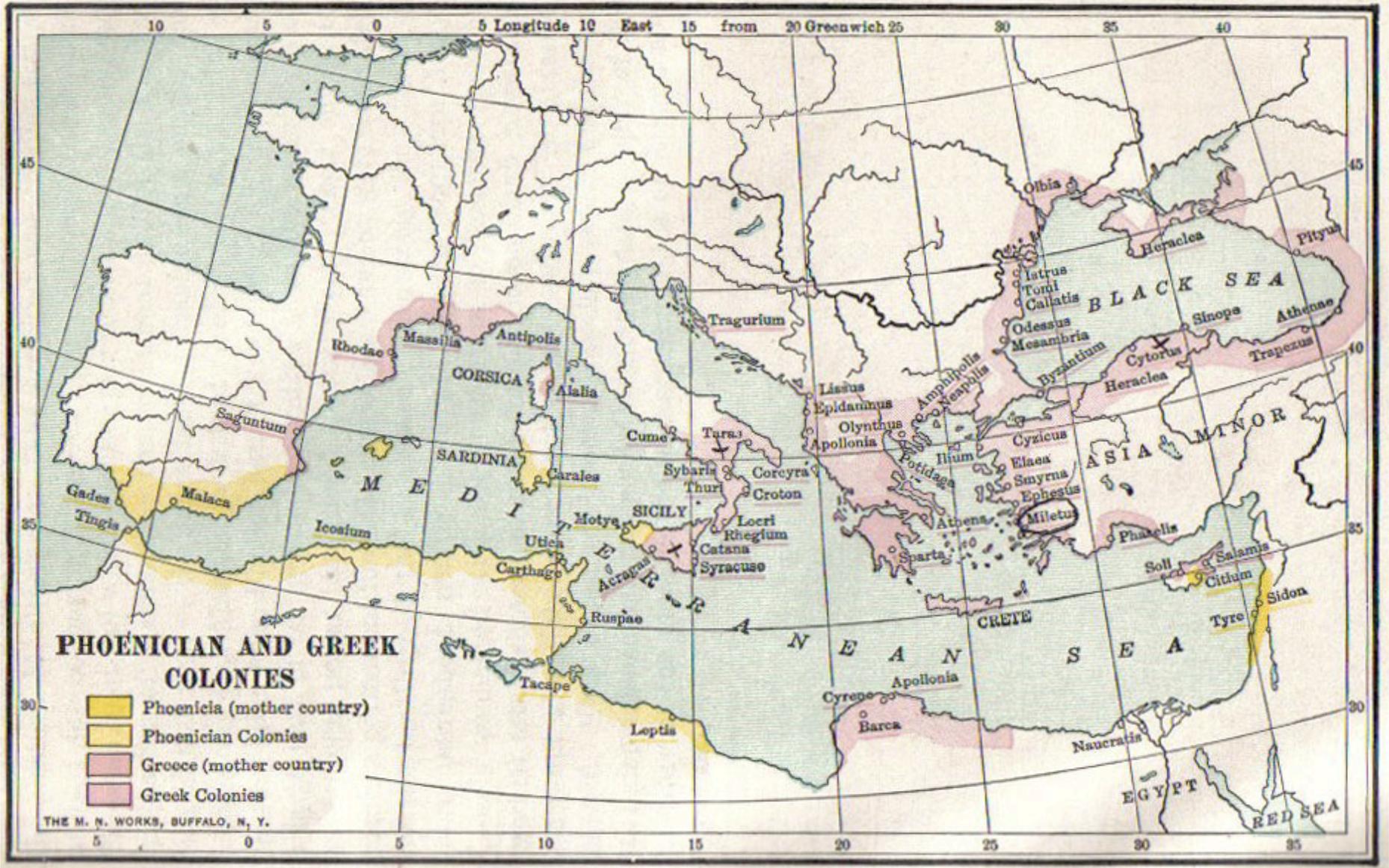
Classical 480-323 “Age of Athens”

Hellenistic 323-31 BCE





GREECE AND ITS COLONIES IN 550 B.C.



10 5 0 5 Longitude 10 East 15 from 20 Greenwich 25 30 35 40

45  
40  
35  
30

10 5 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40

Black Sea  
Mediterranean Sea  
Red Sea

Asia Minor  
Sicily  
Sardinia  
Corsica  
Crete  
Egypt

Gades  
Tingis  
Malaca  
Saguntum  
Icosium  
Carthago  
Utica  
Acragas  
Ruspae  
Tacaee  
Leptia  
Cyrene  
Barca  
Apollonia  
Naucratis

Rhodae  
Massilia  
Antipolis  
Alalia  
Cume  
Tura  
Syrbaris  
Thuri  
Coreyra  
Croton  
Loeri  
Rhegium  
Catana  
Syracuse

Tragurium  
Lissus  
Epidamnus  
Olynthus  
Apollonia  
Amphipolis  
Nepropolis  
Ilium  
Potidage  
Athens  
Sparta

Olbis  
Heraclea  
Pityus  
Istrus  
Tomis  
Callatis  
Odessus  
Mesambria  
Byzantium  
Cytortus  
Heraclea  
Sinopa  
Trapezus  
Phaselis  
Solla  
Salamis  
Cithium  
Tyre  
Sidon

# THE PERSIAN EMPIRE

490 B.C.

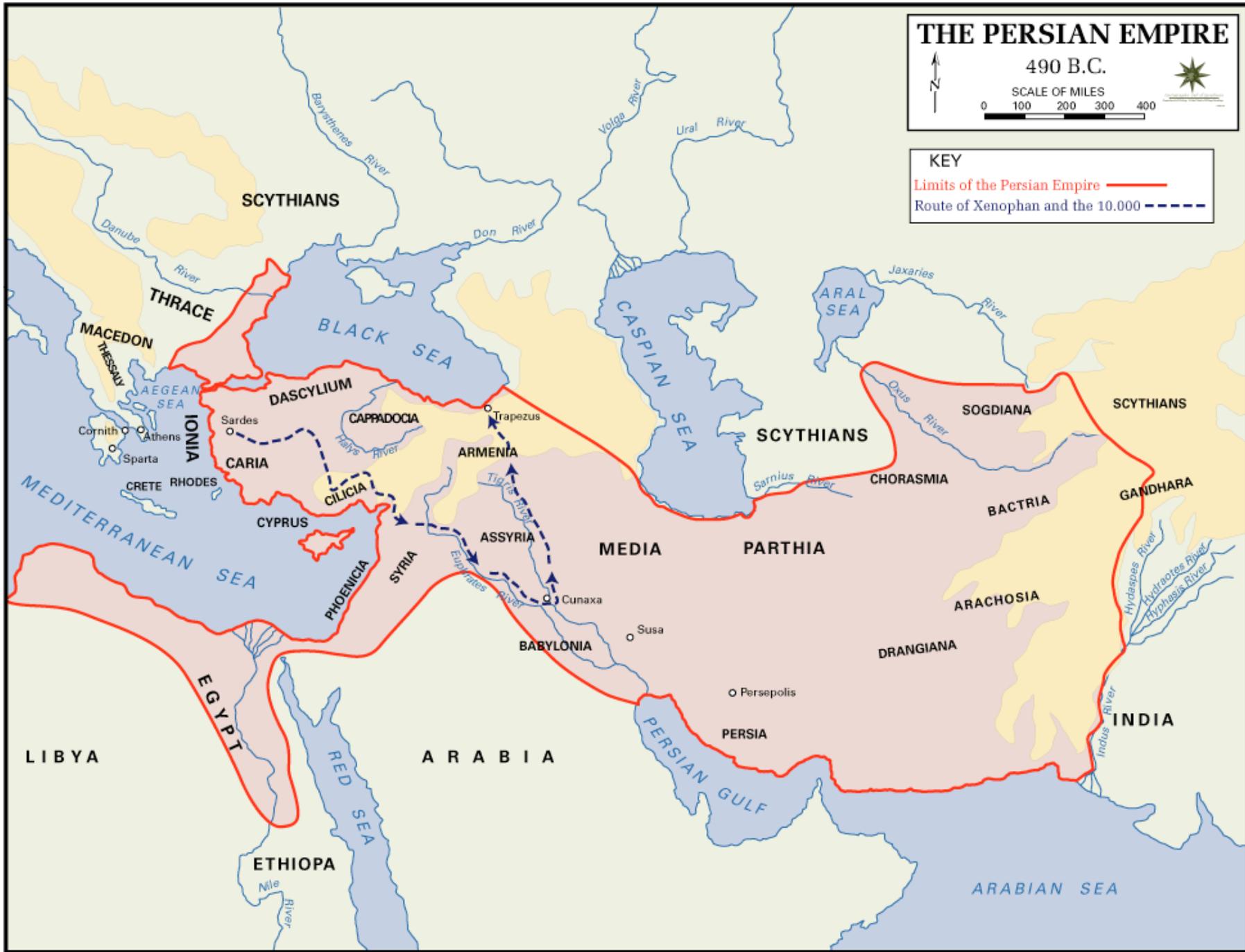
SCALE OF MILES  
0 100 200 300 400



KEY

Limits of the Persian Empire ———

Route of Xenophon and the 10,000 - - - - -





**HELLENISTIC WORLD**  
3rd Century B.C.



## CULTURAL CONSEQUENCES OF CHANGE

Koine (common) Greek

Cultural “koine” of Hellenism

- Theaters
- Gymnasia
- Hellenized Religious Cults (syncretism)
- Philosophy
- Civic culture (polis)
- Integration into the *oikoumene* (inhabited world)



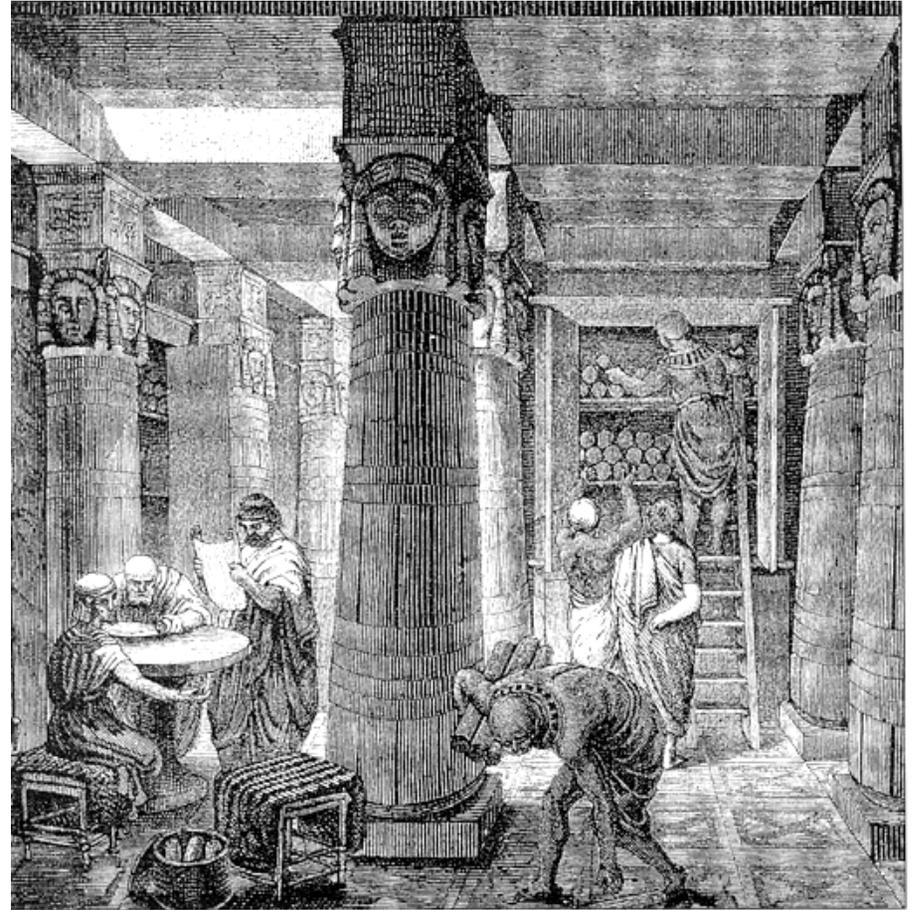
# ALEXANDRIA

Founded 331 BCE





THE GREAT LIBRARY



ΠΑΤΡΗ ΤΟΥ ΚΥΒΑΝΘΕΟΥ ΜΕΛΟΣ

The Septuagint  
(LXX)

3<sup>rd</sup> Century BCE

Δκαρίος ἀμὴρ, ὃς οὐκ ἐ  
ποράθη ἐμμουλή ἀαβα  
καὶ ἐμὸ δῶ ἀμδρ τοοχοῦ  
κ' ἐς η • καὶ ἐπίκαθε —  
δροψλοισμοῦ οὐκ ἐκδθί  
αμ • ἀλλ' ἔμ τοομοσκυ •  
ἰθέλημα αὐτοῦ • καὶ ἐμ ὦ  
μόμο αὐτοῦ • μρστήσει ημρσε  
καὶ μϋκτος • καὶ ἐς αμρ  
ζύλου τὸ πϋτεμμενον τδρ

## OTHER ALEXANDRIAN ACHIEVEMENTS

Euclid: geometry

Archimedes: (trained in Alexandria) mechanics

Herophilus: anatomical dissection and vivisection

Eratosthenes: circumference of the Earth

Aristarchus: heliocentric model

