



Introduction

- End of Course Project Dining in a Chinese Restaurant: StarTalk The Texas Teacher Program at University of Houston, Summer, 2012
- Language, like other skills, is not learned alone, but rather with other knowledge. (Chomsky, 1972)



Theme-based Curriculum Design

- A trend in current foreign language education
- Based upon brain research and psychology of learning
- Provides students opportunities to develop deeper knowledge of a few "big ideas"
- Enables teachers to link different disciplines meaningfully
- Reinforces concepts and vocabulary in an ongoing manner
- Example: Dining in a Chinese Restaurant



Theory and Rationale

The learning goals of this unit are based upon ACTFL's National Standards for Foreign Language Education:

- Communication:
 - Interpersonal
 - > Interpretive
 - Presentational
- Culture:
- Connection:
- Comparison:
- Community:



Use task-based activities to achieve learning goals

Why task based activity?

- Student-centered interaction
- Use of authentic language in meaningful communication
- Practical and additional skill building
- Assessment based upon task outcome



Teaching Procedures

- Objectives and learning focus:
- Opening routine:
- Instructional Strategies:
 - > The Hook
 - Pre-task: Input
 - > In-task
 - Post-task
- Closure:



Sample Tasks From Dining In a Chinese Restaurant

- Response Card
- Inside Outside Circle
- Simultaneous Round Table
- Role Play Dialogue



Challenges in Teaching Theme- based Units

- Time
- Lesson planning and preparation
- Culture: How much culture do we need to teach in a foreign language classroom?



Conclusion

- Theme-based units and task-based instructional activities keep students motivated and engaged in the learning process.
- Task completion process is an active learning process and therefore students have the ownership of their own learning.
- Teacher is facilitator and monitor.



谢谢各位老师!