

ECONOMICS 6331 – Probability and Statistics, Fall 2008

Homework 5. Wednesday October 15. Due Wednesday October 22.

1. Practice problem 5.1 in Ramanathan, p. 84.

2. Assume you roll two dice. Let X be the number of times you observe 1 or 3 eyes and let Y be the number of times you observe a 3. Derive
 - a) the joint probability distribution $f(x, y)$ (as in example 5.1).
 - b) $f_X(x)$, the marginal probability function for X .
 - c) $f_Y(y)$, the marginal probability function for Y .
 - d) $P(X < Y)$.
 - e) $P(Y = 2X)$.
 - f) $P(X + Y = 2)$. (We will soon cover how to do this soon more systematically, but for now you should find the probability of the set of (X, Y) pairs that sum to 2.)
 - g) Are X and Y independent or dependent?

3. Let $f(x, y) = (3/16)xy^2$; $0 < x < 2$, $0 < y < 2$, be the joint density function for X and Y . Find the marginal density functions $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$. Find the distribution function (CDF) for X . Are the two random variables independent?

4. Let $f(x, y) = 1/6 e^{-x/2-y/3}$ be the joint density function for X and Y . Find the marginal density functions $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$. Are the two random variables independent?

5. Consider two random variables X and Y . Assume they both are discrete and that X can take the values 1, 2, and 4 while Y takes the values 0 and 2. The probabilities for (X, Y) are shown in the following table:

| | | | |
|-----|------|------|------|
| | X=1 | X=2 | X=4 |
| Y=0 | 3/24 | 3/24 | 6/24 |
| Y=2 | 3/24 | 5/24 | 4/24 |

- i) Find the marginal probabilities of X and Y . Mark clearly which are the marginal probabilities of X and which are the marginal probabilities of Y . Explain what the marginal probabilities measure.
- ii) Find the means and the variances of X and Y .

- iii) Are the events $X = 1$ and $Y = 2$ independent events?
- iv) Are the random variables X and Y independent?
- v) Find the probability $P(\{X > 1\} \cap \{Y \leq 1\})$
- vi) Find the conditional distribution of X given $Y = 2$.
- vii) Find the random variable $E(X|Y)$.
- viii) Take the mean of the random variable that you derived in vii) and verify that it equals $E(X)$.

6. Ramanathan, Practise problem 5.2, page 84.