## Bent E. Sørensen

## ECONOMICS 6331 - Probability and Statistics, Fall 2006

Homework 2. Wednesday August 30, 2006. Due Monday September 11.

1. (Question 2.3 in Ramanathan.) Let $B$ be an event and $A_{1}, A_{2}, \ldots, A_{n}$ be $n$ mutually exclusive events. Define $A=\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_{i}$. Also assume $P\left(A_{i}\right)>0$ and $P\left(B \mid A_{i}\right)=p$ for all $i$. Show that $P(B \mid A)$ is also equal to $p$. [A Venn diagram might help.]
2. A study of college students finds that while 80 percent of college students are male, only 70 percent of college students with an A average are male. In contrast, 15 percent of female students have an A average. Assuming these results are accurate answer the following questions.
a) Are "being a male student" and "having an A average" independent? Why?
b) What is the probability that a randomly selected student has an A average?
c) What is the probability that a randomly selected male student has an A average?
3. $(20 \%$ of Midterm 1, 2005) Suppose that you consider 3 events: A: You pass the core exam. B: You get an A in statistics. C: The Astros (Houston sports team) wins the World Series. Assume that
$P(A)=1 / 3, P(B)=1 / 2$ and $P(C)=1 / 5$.
Further assume that the event $C$ is independent of both $A$ and $B$ (and all subsets of these). Finally, we assume that $P(A \mid B)=2 / 3$.
a) What is the probability that you will pass both the core exam and the statistics exam?
b) What is the probability that either the Astros win or you get an A in statistics or you pass the core?
c) Assuming that a clairvoyant tells you that you will pass the core. Given that, what will be the probability that you will get an A in statistics?
d) What is the probability $P(A \cup C \mid B)$ ?
4. Ramanathan, question 2.9.
5. Ramanathan, question 2.10 .
