## Final Exam, December 2nd, 2005-6 questions (100 points). Sub-questions carry equal weight

1. $(30 \%)$ Let the random variable $X$ follow a uniform distribution on the interval from 4 to 9 .
a) What is the Cumulative Density Function (CDF)?
b) What is the density function (PDF)?
c) Find the CDF for $Y=2+3 X$.
d) Find the variance of $X$ and the variance of $Y$.
e) Let $W=X^{2}$. Find the CDF for $W$.
f) Find the PDF for $W$.
2. $(12 \%)$ Let $X$ be Binomially distributed with parameters $n$ and $p$. Find the moment generating function for $X$.
3. (24\%) Assume that $Z$ is a normally distributed random variable with variance 9 and mean 2 , and that $Z$ is independent of $(X, Y)$ where $(X, Y)$ is a bivariate normally distributed random variable with mean $\mu^{\prime}=(0,0)$ and variance-covariance matrix

$$
\Sigma=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 1 \\
1 & 2
\end{array}\right)
$$

a) What is the conditional mean of $Y \mid X$ ?
b) What is the conditional variance of $(X, Z)$ given $Y$ ?
c) What is the conditional mean of $X$ given $(Y, Z)$ ?
d) What is the distribution of $2 X^{2}-2 X Y+Y^{2}$ ?
4. ( $12 \%$ ) Assume you roll two "dice" one blue and one red. To obtain less clutter assume that each "die" can have $1,2,3$, or 4 eyes, each outcome occurring with probability 0.25 . Let $X$ be the number of eyes on the blue die and $Y$ the number of eyes on the red die.
a) Find the distribution of $Z=X+Y$.
b) Find the joint distribution of $Z$ and $X$.
5. $(10 \%)$ Assume that $X$ conditional on a random variable $Y$ is normally distributed with mean $2+3 Y$ and variance 3. Assume that $Y$ is a stochastic variable who density is $\frac{1}{3} \exp -\frac{y}{3}$ for $y>0$. What is $E(X)$ and what is $\operatorname{var}(X)$ ?

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6. $(12 \%)$ Imagine that we select persons associated with either UH or A\&M, and imagine that each person can be classified as either liberal or conservative. Use the following (made up) probabilities: The probability that a person selected from UH is a liberal is $80 \%$, and the probability that a person selected from A\&M is liberal is $30 \%$.
Now assume you examine 5 people from UH and 4 people from A\&M. The attitudes of different persons are independent of each other. Let $X$ be the overall number of liberals.
1) What is the expected number of liberals, $E(X)$ ?
2) What is the variance, $\operatorname{var}(X)$ ?
