

UNIVERSITY *of* HOUSTON  
MANUAL OF ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

**SECTION: Procurement**  
**AREA: Travel**

**Number: 04.02.01B**

<b>SUBJECT: Travel Paid from Local Funds</b>
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I. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Travel by University of Houston faculty and staff, and by individuals not employed by the institution who are traveling on official university business, is restricted by State of Texas and federal regulations. This document highlights the primary points of these regulations and provides additional policies and procedures as they apply to the university.

This policy provides guidelines for all university travel and non-overnight mileage paid or reimbursed from local (not state-appropriated) funds. They do not apply to travel paid from agency funds (fund 9), though these payments must be supported by appropriate receipts or invoices.

II. POLICY STATEMENT

Travelers paid or reimbursed by local university funds must use those travel vendors that will provide the services required at the lowest possible price. All expenses must be reasonable and necessary for conducting university business during travel, as determined by the traveler's supervisor, and the travel must benefit the university.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. City Pair: Cities between which university travel is undertaken.
- B. Continental United States: The 48 contiguous states of the United States located on the North American continent between Canada and Mexico (excludes Hawaii and Alaska).
- C. Contract Travel Agency: Travel agency under contract to the State of Texas or designated by the University of Houston to provide travel services to state and/or university employees, students and others traveling on university business.
- D. Contract Vendor: For this document, an airline, automobile rental agency, charge card, hotel/motel or travel agency with which the state or university has contracted or designated to provide services.

- E. Corporate Travel Card: Charge card contracted by the State of Texas that may be used by qualifying university employees to purchase university business-related travel expenses. Corporate Travel Cards are issued in the name of the employee, who is personally financially responsible for all charges.
- F. Department Travel Card: Charge card contracted by the State of Texas that may be used to purchase airfare, lodging, rental car, registration fees, and other centrally billed travel expenses for authorized university travel. Department Travel Cards are issued in the name of the department, which maintains possession of the card, and billed to the university. Transactions are charged to the department's local cost center.
- G. Designated Headquarters: The geographic location in which the employee's place of business is located. In most cases, Houston is designated headquarters for University of Houston employees.
- H. Duty Point: The location other than the employee's place of employment to which the employee travels to conduct official university business.
- I. Foreign Travel: Includes travel by university employees and prospective employees to or from all countries outside Canada, Mexico, the United States and U.S. territories and possessions.
- J. Individual Travel Card: Charge card contracted by the State of Texas that may be used to purchase airfare, lodging, rental car, registration fees, meals for the traveler, and other travel-related expenses for authorized university travel. Individual Travel Cards are only issued to university employees. They are issued in the name of the employee, which maintains possession of the card, and billed to the university. Transactions are charged to the department's local cost center.
- K. Local Funds: Funds collected at the university for goods or services, and provided by non-state grants or contracts, or provided by donors, as opposed to funds appropriated by the Texas Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.
- L. Mileage Report: Form that may be used to record and request reimbursement for local, intercity mileage, parking and tolls. This form is not needed for mileage between the university and a Houston airport or for parking and tolls incurred as part of an out-of-town trip. Two versions of the form are available: one requires the address of departure and destination and the other requires beginning and ending odometer readings. Both versions may be found at the following web address: [http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).

- M. Multiple User Department Travel Card: Charge card contracted by the State of Texas that may be used to purchase airfare, lodging, rental car, registration fees, meals for the traveler and other travel-related expenses for authorized university travel. Multiple User cards are issued in the name of the department, but signed out to travelers without an Individual Travel Card for specific trips. All charges are billed to the university, and the card is returned to the department after the trip. Custodian of the Multiple User Department Travel Card must maintain a log to record distribution/receipt of the card. Transactions are charged to the department's default local cost center.
- N. Official Business: Business required to perform the duties of the university position held, in accordance with the legal responsibilities of the university.
- O. Official Travel Status: The time period between leaving and returning to designated headquarters for approved official travel.
- P. State-Appropriated Funds: Funds appropriated by the Texas Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, whether held inside or outside the state Treasury. Includes general revenue, special line items, Higher Education Assistance Funds (HEAF), Advanced Research Program/Advanced Technology Program (ARP/ATP) funds, and other funds designated as "state" funds.
- Q. State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA): The State of Texas agency with authority and responsibility for regulating procurement and travel for state agencies.
- R. Travel Advance Application: Form required when requesting a travel advance available online at the following website:  
[http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).
- S. Travel Coordinator: Person designated by the university to receive and disseminate information relative to the State Travel Management Program for compliance with State of Texas rules for contract travel services.
- T. Travel Expense Report: The form used to document local-funded travel and request reimbursement for out-of-pocket travel expenses. The Travel Expense Report is an Excel file located at the following address:  
[http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).
- U. Travel Request: The form used to authorize and request official university travel in advance of the trip. Not required for non-overnight intercity mileage, parking, tolls, or other transportation expenses within the Houston metropolitan area. The Travel Request is an Excel file located at the following address:  
[http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).

- V. University Guest: An individual who voluntarily and without compensation provides recognition or support to the university in contribution to the university's mission. This person may be a donor, potential donor, volunteer, or community, government, university or corporate official. It does not include current faculty, staff, or students of the university or persons paid an honorarium or a fee for contracted services.

#### IV. ADVANCED APPROVAL OF TRAVEL

- A. All travel paid or reimbursed with local funds must be approved in advance on a Travel Request for the following categories of travelers:
1. Employees.
  2. Prospective employees and invited spouse, if applicable.
  3. Students.
- B. The Travel Request must include the following information:
1. Identifying information for traveler and department contact.
  2. Classification of traveler (employee, prospective employee, or other).
  3. City of departure and destination.
  4. Travel dates (departure and return).
  5. Trip purpose and university benefit, which must involve teaching, research, and/or community service.
  6. Estimated amount of travel expenses to be paid or reimbursed by the university, along with the university cost center(s) and account(s) to be charged.
  7. If the traveler expects to be reimbursed for travel expenses from someone other than the university (e.g., conference host), this must be indicated on the Travel Request. Supporting documentation (i.e., letter from host) should be attached to the Travel Request, if available.
  8. The Travel Request must be approved by the following individuals:
    - a. Traveler's supervisor or unit head paying for the travel expenses.

- b. Person authorized to approve contract/grant expenditure, if applicable.
- c. Certifying signatory for the cost center(s) on the Travel Request.

Note: Travel Requests may be approved by signing and dating the printed document or by email. If approval is emailed, the email from the approver should contain the travel request document and indicate “approved” in the body of the email.

- C. Non-overnight mileage, parking, tolls, or other transportation expenses within the Houston metropolitan area that are paid with local funds do not require advanced approval on a Travel Request. These reimbursements should be processed on a purchase voucher.
- V. USE OF CONTRACTED TRAVEL VENDORS

A. Types of Contracted Services

To provide timely and efficient travel services and generate cost savings to state agencies, the State of Texas contracts with travel vendors. Official university travel paid or reimbursed from local funds is not required to utilize state contracted vendors. However, contracted vendors are available and may be used for the following services, if the traveler determines it is in the university’s best interest:

1. Travel charge cards.
2. Travel agencies.
3. Airfare.
4. Hotels.
5. Rental cars.

- B. Names and rates of current contracted travel vendors are available at: <http://cpa.state.tx.us/procurement/prog/stmp/>. State-contracted airfare may only be obtained by using the state-issued Corporate Travel Card, Department Travel Card, Individual Travel Card, or Multiple User Department Travel Card. State-contracted rates for lodging and rental car may be obtained with or without state-issued credit cards. State-contracted rates are not available to contractors paid a fee for services.

## VI. STATE HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAXES FOR LODGING IN TEXAS

### A. Claiming Exemption

University employees are exempt from the state portion of hotel occupancy taxes when traveling on official university business in Texas. The following procedure should be used to claim exemption from those taxes:

1. The employee should present a Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Exemption Certificate to the Texas hotel or motel at the time of check-in. The Certificate may be downloaded at: [http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).
2. Employees should verify that they are not charged for the state portion of hotel occupancy taxes (6 percent tax) at the time of checkout.

### B. Claiming Reimbursement

1. If the employee failed to provide the Exemption Certificate or if the certificate was not honored by the hotel, the employee can be reimbursed for the state hotel occupancy tax without explanation. Note that federal grants or contracts may not permit reimbursement of the state hotel occupancy tax when the traveler should have been exempt from paying it.
2. If the hotel refused to honor the Exemption Certificate, the traveler should report this to the Travel Coordinator, who will notify the Comptroller's Office.

## VII. TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS

- A. All travel arrangements should be made to minimize travel costs, while fulfilling the objective of the university travel.
- B. Airfare must be purchased at the lowest price available (i.e., coach class), unless the appropriate division vice president or designee approves a higher airfare (i.e., business class or first class) for one of the reasons below.
  1. Airfare for travel within the US, Canada, or Mexico.
    - a. First class airfare may be paid or reimbursed only if it is medically necessary or other airfare is not available.
    - b. Business class airfare may be paid or reimbursed only if it is medically necessary or a lower airfare is not available.

2. Airfare for travel outside the US, Canada, and Mexico:
  - a. First class airfare may be paid or reimbursed only if it is medically necessary or other airfare is not available.
  - b. Business class airfare may be paid or reimbursed only if it is medically necessary, a lower airfare is not available, it enables the traveler to complete required work during the flight, or it enables the traveler to rest during the flight so that he/she can begin work more quickly following the flight.

The necessity for business or first class airfare must be stated on the travel request or attachment to the travel request and approved by the division vice president or designee.

## VIII. TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENTS

### A. Form to Request Reimbursement

1. A Travel Expense Report or other form approved by Accounts Payable is required to reimburse (a) employees, (b) prospective employees and (c) students and must be electronically attached to the voucher.
2. A Travel Expense Report is not required to reimburse (a) contractors and (b) guests of the university for travel expenses.

### B. Deadline for Submission of Travel Reimbursements

Employees, prospective employees, and students must submit their request for reimbursement, including required documentation, to the department business office no later than 60 days after travel is completed. Requests submitted after 60 days may not be forwarded to Accounts Payable for reimbursement, unless approved by the appropriate division vice president.

The department should make every effort to submit vouchers for employee, prospective employee, and student travel reimbursements to Accounts Payable as soon as possible but no later than 15 days following receipt of all required documentation from the traveler.

### C. Meals

1. Non-overnight travel. Meal expenses incurred during non-overnight travel are not reimbursable due to the Internal Revenue Service requirement that these reimbursements be considered a taxable fringe benefit.

2. Overnight travel. Meal expenses for overnight travel may be reimbursed by one of two methods – per diem or actual expenses.

- a. Per Diem Meal Reimbursement: Per diem amounts vary by travel destination.

A list of current per diems may be found at:  
<https://fm.xcpa.state.tx.us/fm/travel/index.php>.

The meal and incidental expense (M&IE) per diem for travel destinations outside the continental U.S. may be found at:  
[http://aoprals.state.gov/content.asp?content\\_id=184&menu\\_id=78](http://aoprals.state.gov/content.asp?content_id=184&menu_id=78).

The meal per diem (or M&IE per diem for travel outside the continental U.S.) may be used to determine the maximum meal expense to be reimbursed per day. If the traveler stays overnight in more than one location, the appropriate per diem for each overnight location should be used. When claiming per diem, meal expenses may be reimbursed up to the amount actually expended, not to exceed the per diem. Therefore, if the traveler spends less than the per diem amount, the traveler should be reimbursed no more than the actual meal expense, though the per diem method of reimbursement is used. Actual meal expenses exceeding the per diem for one day may not be allocated to another day for reimbursement.

Since the incidental portion of M&IE per diem for destinations outside the continental US is intended to cover laundry expenses and tips for baggage handling, these expenses may not be claimed when reimbursement is based on per diem.

- b. Actual Meal Reimbursement: Alternatively, actual meal expenses may be reimbursed regardless of the per diem amount if receipts are provided for every meal expense claimed. Meal expenses should not be considered lavish or extravagant in view of the circumstances.
3. Documentation: Receipts are not required for per diem meal reimbursement, but are required for actual meal reimbursement. Travelers may not claim both per diem and actual meal reimbursements for the same trip. They must choose one method for the entire trip. Whether per diem or actual meal reimbursement is chosen, the traveler must provide a daily itemization of meal expenses on the Travel Expense Report.

4. Partial Meal Per Diem: When the traveler is reimbursed for per diem, instead of actual meal expenses, the traveler may claim up to 100 percent of the per diem for the first and last days of travel, not to exceed their actual meal expenses. The ability to claim per diem is not based on the time of departure or return.
5. Business Meals while traveling: Discussion of university-related business during a meal, in which the university employee paid for the other person's meal, may be reimbursed as a business meal expense on a local travel voucher.

D. Lodging

1. Lodging expenses incurred during overnight travel may be reimbursed up to the amount actually expended, subject to the supervisor's approval. Lodging expenses should not be considered lavish or extravagant. Every effort should be made to find the least costly lodging establishment that will meet the traveler's business needs.
2. Documentation. Detailed receipts are required for lodging expenses. Lodging receipts should include the following information: (a) name and location of hotel, (b) dates lodged, and (c) separate amounts for charges such as lodging, hotel occupancy taxes, meals, and telephone calls. For purposes of assigning the correct account, lodging expenses do not include hotel occupancy taxes or telephone calls, which are considered incidental expenses.

E. Mileage

1. Mileage in a personal (not rented or university-owned or leased) vehicle while on university travel may be reimbursed. The current state mileage reimbursement rate for travel can be obtained at: <http://www.window.state.tx.us/comptrol/texastra.html>. The number of miles may be calculated using the Texas Mileage Guide, other web-based map service, or the traveler's odometer readings. The Texas Mileage Guide provides the state's official mileage between various cities, airports, and other locations in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Louisiana. The Mileage Guide is located at: <http://www.window.state.tx.us/comptrol/texastra.html>.

2. The driver must provide a point-to-point itemization of locations driven. The Mileage Report may be used to itemize mileage other than mileage between the university campus and Bush Intercontinental or Hobby airport. The Mileage Report can be completed with addresses or odometer readings and is located at the following web address: [http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).

F. Registration Fees

Registration fees can be paid directly to sponsoring organizations in advance by Voucher, by one of the various Travel Cards, P-Card, or reimbursed to the traveler. The traveler may be reimbursed for registration fees prior to a trip on a standard Voucher or after the trip on a Travel Expense Report, along with other travel expenses. Proof of payment (i.e., receipt, cancelled check, credit card statement) must be provided for reimbursement of registration fees.

If registration fees are reimbursed prior to a conference and the traveler does not attend, the traveler must repay the university the same amount refunded by the conference. The traveler should notify the conference and the department of the trip cancellation as early as possible. Repayments to the university should be made immediately following receipt of a conference refund, if applicable.

G. Incidental Expenses

Incidental expenses must be itemized on the Travel Expense Report. Receipts are not required for incidental expenses unless an individual expense exceeds \$75.00.

Reimbursable incidental expenses on local funds include:

1. Hotel occupancy or similar taxes.
2. Telephone calls (only related to university business).
3. Gasoline charges when rented or university-owned or university-leased motor vehicles are used.
4. Toll charges.
5. Repair charges when a university-owned motor vehicle is used.
6. Copying charges.
7. Passport or visa charges, departure taxes, and inoculations for foreign travel.

8. Postage.
  9. Notary fees.
  10. Charges to exchange U.S. currency for foreign currency and vice versa. The exchange rate used for conversion of monies must be stated.
  11. Travelers check charges.
  12. Mandatory charges by a commercial lodging establishment other than the room rate.
  13. Books or documents purchased for and while attending a seminar or conference.
  14. Tips for baggage handling or other services where it is customary to tip. Discretion must be used to ensure tips are given only in appropriate circumstances and for appropriate amounts, not to exceed 20% of the amount charged. However, if meals are reimbursed by M&IE per diem, tips for baggage handling may not be reimbursed separately, since M&IE per diem already includes an allowance for baggage handling tips.
  15. Facsimile charges.
  16. Parking.
  17. Laundry and dry cleaning expenses incurred during travel for a trip lasting longer than six days. However, if meals are reimbursed by M&IE per diem, laundry and dry cleaning expenses may not be reimbursed separately, since M&IE per diem already includes an allowance for laundry and dry cleaning.
- H. Non-reimbursable travel expenses include, but are not limited to:
1. Movies (in a hotel or theater), sporting events, concerts, and plays. See MAPP [05.02.02](#).
  2. Expenses involving only the consumption of alcoholic beverages (i.e., without food).
  3. Any expense not relating to official university business.
  4. The portion of any expense considered lavish, extravagant, or unnecessary to accomplish university business in view of the circumstances.

5. Expenses attributable to other employees (e.g., meals, lodging, airfare, etc.). However, rental cars and taxi fares may be reimbursed to one employee, though more than one employee uses the same rental car or taxi. Any exceptions to this restriction must be clearly documented and an explanation provided as to why it was necessary to pay for someone else's expenses.

I. Accounting for third-party travel reimbursements to students and employees

If a student or employee is reimbursed for travel expenses by a third party (e.g., host of a conference), they must deposit the reimbursement check (or personal check made payable to university for the same amount) into the appropriate university cost center and account immediately upon receipt using a Journal Entry.

IX. COMPLETING THE TRAVEL EXPENSE REPORT

A. The following information, if applicable, must be completed on the Travel Expense Report:

1. Traveler's name.
2. Travel Request number.
3. Dates of travel.
4. Amount expended during each day in the appropriate expense categories.
5. Amount of travel advance, third-party reimbursement, or disallowed travel expense, if any.
6. Signature of employee or student who is being reimbursed (other travelers are not required to sign).
7. If the actual cost of the trip on the Travel Expense Report exceeds the estimated cost of the trip on the Travel Request by more than 10 percent, the Travel Expense Report must be approved by the traveler's supervisor or unit head. This approval may be in the form of a signature on the Travel Expense Report or Voucher Coversheet or in an email from the supervisor or unit head.

If the actual cost of the trip is 110 percent of the estimated cost of the trip on the Travel Request or less, the supervisor or unit head does not need to approve the Travel Expense Report.

8. Any comments needed to provide additional information about the trip (optional).

B. Travel Expense Report Documentation

The following documentation, if applicable, must be attached to the Travel Expense Report:

1. Receipts for:
  - a. Traveler-paid airfare (airline ticket stub, unless “ticketless” travel; travel agent’s or airline’s invoice/itinerary).
  - b. Traveler-paid rental car (itemized receipt).
  - c. Traveler-paid hotel (itemized receipt).
  - d. Traveler-paid meal expense when actual meal expenses are claimed (itemized receipt).
  - e. Incidental expense transactions that exceed \$75.00 (itemized receipt).
2. Receipts in a foreign currency must be converted to U.S. dollars and the exchange rate must be indicated.
3. Itinerary from travel agency, if airfare was billed directly to the university.
4. Registration confirmation or receipt.
5. Copy of approved Travel Request. If approved by email, attach a copy of the approving emails along with the Travel Request.
6. Copy of Voucher Coversheet used to process travel advance, if applicable.
7. Copy of Travel Voucher used to pay some of the travel expenses on a state cost center, if applicable.

X. DIRECT-BILLED TRAVEL PAYMENTS

Travel expenses may be charged directly to a Department, Multiple User, or Individual Travel Card. See the [Travel Card](#) MAPP for additional information about and requirements for using travel cards.

## XI. TRAVEL ADVANCES

- A. Travel advances are only allowed for group travel and individual foreign travel and they are paid and cleared on local department cost centers. Travel advances may only be issued to university employees. An employee may not receive a travel advance until all previous travel advances have been accounted for. Travelers should allow 15 working days to process a travel advance. The Travel Advance Application must be approved by the appropriate college/division business administrator and attached, along with an approved Travel Request, to the Voucher used to pay for the advance. The Travel Advance Application is located at: [http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP\\_Travel.htm](http://www.uh.edu/finance/pages/AP_Travel.htm).
- B. Advance checks are mailed by the Treasurer's Office to the employee's home address. Travel advance checks are distributed no more than 30 days before the trip.
- C. Accounting for Advances
1. Each trip must be reported and accounted for individually. A Travel Expense Report, Travel Request, and receipts must be attached to the Voucher submitted to Accounts Payable after the trip or to the Journal Entry submitted to General Accounting.
  2. If expenses were less than the amount advanced, the traveler must issue a check payable to the University of Houston for the excess amount. A Journal Entry recording the traveler's expenses and cash deposit must be submitted to Student Financial Services via workflow within 15 working day of return from the trip.

For example, if the travel advance were \$1,000 and out-of-pocket expenses were \$800, the following Journal Entry would be prepared:

Debit Bank (account 10510 for UH Bank) \$200 and appropriate expenses with the department's cost center. Credit account 12305 and department's cost center that paid the advance of \$1000. The JE is submitted, along with a check from the traveler, to Student Financial Services.

Debit: 10510	200.00
Debit: 5xxxx (Dept Cost Center)	800.00
Credit: 12305 (Dept Cost Center that paid advance)	(1000.00)

3. If expenses equaled the amount advanced, a Journal Entry must be submitted to General Accounting within 15 working days of return from the trip.

For example, if the travel advance were \$1,000 and out-of-pocket expenses were \$1,000, the following Journal Entry will be prepared:

Debit travel expense accounts and department local cost center for total of \$1,000. Credit account 12305 and department cost center that paid advance of \$1000.

Debit: 5xxxx (Dept Cost Center) 1000.00  
Credit: 12305 (Dept Cost Center that paid advance)(1000.00)

4. If expenses were greater than the amount advanced, a Voucher to reimburse the employee for the difference must be submitted to Accounts Payable within 15 working days of return from the trip.

For example, if the travel advance were \$1,000 and out-of-pocket expenses were \$1,200, the following entries would be made on the Voucher:

Voucher Line#1: Expense accounts and department local cost center for total of \$1,200.

Voucher Line#2: Account 12305 and department cost center that paid advance (\$1,000).

Therefore, the total amount of voucher is \$200.

#### D. Non-Compliance

1. Travel Advances (account 12305) must be reconciled monthly by the originating departments.
2. If any advance is not cleared within 120 days after returning from the trip, the department will report the advance to Payroll as compensation to the employee using Exhibit B, Taxable Payments or Reimbursements to Employees, from SAM [03.D.06](#). The traveler will remain responsible for repayment of the advance and will be ineligible for subsequent travel advances until the prior advance is repaid or cleared.

## XII. TRAVEL-RELATED INSURANCE

- A. Travel must be approved in advance to ensure travelers are covered under the university insurance and workers' compensation programs and to provide legal protection as they perform official duties.

- B. Under the university travel accident policy, full-time employees (defined as having a 30-hour or greater work week) are insured in the amount of five times their annual salary up to \$250,000 against accidental loss of life or dismemberment when traveling on official university business. Coverage applies to students who are employed by the university 30 hours or more per week. Property damage and liability are not covered.
- C. In addition, the corporate travel card vendor provides \$500,000 portal-to-portal (residence or business) travel insurance when the airfare is charged to the Department Travel Card (state and local), Individual Travel Card, Multiple-User Travel Card or to the traveler's individual corporate travel card. Also, the contract travel agencies may provide additional insurance benefits for business travelers.
- D. State-contracted rental cars include liability insurance and the collision damage waiver in the contracted price. However, they are not generally included in the price of non-contracted rental cars. Therefore, travelers should purchase liability insurance, unless covered by their own car insurance, and the collision damage waiver for non-contracted rental cars.
- E. A Travel Request is not required for insurance purposes when travel is limited to the Houston area (i.e., for intercity mileage). However, it should be evident that the employee was driving to or from a university-related meeting.
- F. To ensure insurance coverage for foreign travel (i.e., travel to countries outside the United States, other than Canada or Mexico), the office that provides final approval must forward a copy of the approved Travel Request to the Director of Environmental Health and Risk Management prior to the trip.

### XIII. USING STATE RULES FOR LOCAL-FUNDED TRAVEL

If a grant or contract requires the University to follow state travel rules, all travel arrangements and reimbursements must be completed according to the rules outlined in MAPP [04.02.01A](#) and in the Comptroller's [Texttravel](#) (state travel laws and rules provided by the Texas State Comptroller to state agencies and institutions of higher education). The Travel Request, Travel Advance Application (if applicable), and Voucher Coversheet used for reimbursement should contain the statement, "state travel rules must be followed" (or a similar statement).

XIV. REVIEW AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsible Party: Associate Vice President for Finance

Review: Every three years, on or before June 1

XV. APPROVALS

Jim McShan

Interim Vice President for Administration and Finance

Renu Khator

President

Date of President's Approval: April 7, 2008

XVI. REFERENCES

State of Texas Travel Rules and Regulations  
UH System Administrative Memoranda [01.C.05](#) and [03.A.03](#)  
MAPP [04.02.01A](#) and [04.02.01C](#)  
MAPP [05.02.01](#)

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